

PROCESSOR SUPERVISORY CIRCUITS WITH WINDOW-WATCHDOG

FEATURES

- **Controlled Baseline**
 - One Assembly/Test Site, One Fabrication Site
- **Extended Temperature Performance of -55°C to 125°C**
- **Enhanced Diminishing Manufacturing Sources (DMS) Support**
- **Enhanced Product-Change Notification**
- **Qualification Pedigree ⁽¹⁾**
- **Window-Watchdog With Programmable Delay and Window Ratio**
- **6-Pin SOT-23 Package**
- **Supply Current of 9 μ A (Typ)**
- **Power On Reset Generator With a Fixed Delay Time of 25 ms**
- **Precision Supply Voltage Monitor 2.5 V, 3 V, 3.3 V, 5 V**
- **Open-Drain Reset Output**

(1) Component qualification in accordance with JEDEC and industry standards to ensure reliable operation over an extended temperature range. This includes, but is not limited to, Highly Accelerated Stress Test (HAST) or biased 85/85, temperature cycle, autoclave or unbiased HAST, electromigration, bond intermetallic life, and mold compound life. Such qualification testing should not be viewed as justifying use of this component beyond specified performance and environmental limits.

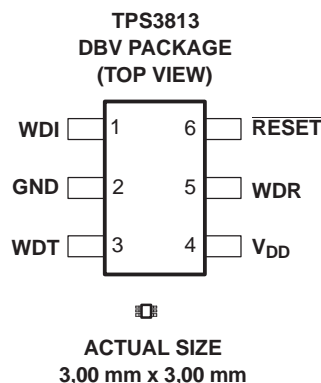
DESCRIPTION

The TPS3813 family of supervisory circuits provides circuit initialization and timing supervision, primarily for DSPs and processor-based systems.

During power on, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is asserted when supply voltage (V_{DD}) becomes higher than 1.1 V. Thereafter, the supervisory circuit monitors V_{DD} and keeps $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ active as long as V_{DD} remains below the threshold voltage (V_{IT}). An internal timer delays the return of the output to the inactive state (high) to ensure proper system reset. The delay time, $t_{\text{d}} = 25$ ms typical, starts after V_{DD} has risen above the threshold voltage (V_{IT}). When the supply voltage drops below the threshold voltage (V_{IT}), the output becomes active (low) again. No external components are required. All the devices of this family have a fixed-sense threshold voltage (V_{IT}) set by an internal voltage divider.

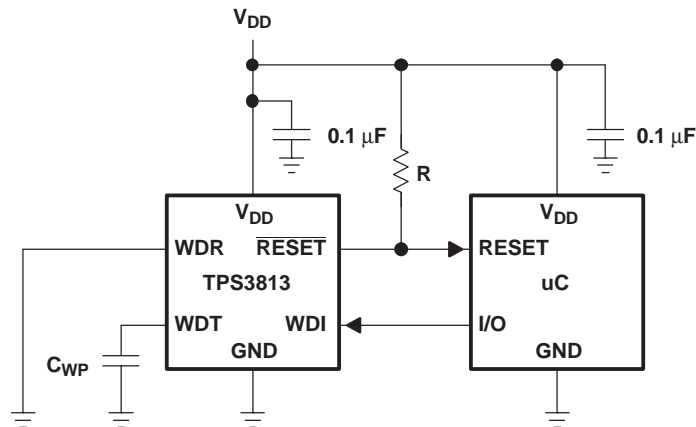
APPLICATIONS

- **Applications Using DSPs, Microcontrollers, or Microprocessors**
- **Safety Critical Systems**
- **Automotive Systems**
- **Healing Systems**



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

TYPICAL OPERATING CIRCUIT



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

DESCRIPTION (CONTINUED)

For safety critical applications the TPS3813 family incorporates a so-called window-watchdog with programmable delay and window ratio. The upper limit of the watchdog time-out can be set by either connecting WDT to GND, V_{DD} , or using an external capacitor. The lower limit and thus the window ratio is set by connecting WDR to GND or V_{DD} . The supervised processor now needs to trigger the TPS3813 within this window not to assert a $\overline{\text{RESET}}$.

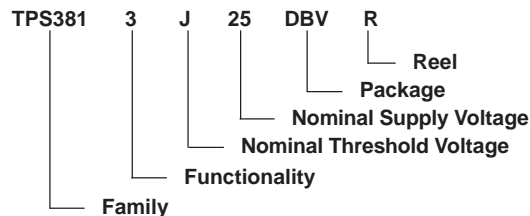
The product spectrum is designed for supply voltages of 2.5 V, 3 V, 3.3 V, and 5 V. The circuits are available in a 6-pin SOT-23 package.

The TPS3813 devices are characterized for operation over a temperature range of -55°C to 125°C .

PACKAGE INFORMATION

T_A	DEVICE NAME	THRESHOLD VOLTAGE	MARKING
-55°C to 125°C	TPS3813J25MDBVREP	2.25 V	PLEM
	TPS3813L30MDBVREP	2.64 V	PLFM
	TPS3813K33MDBVREP	2.93 V	PLGM
	TPS3813I50MDBVREP	4.55 V	PLHM

ORDERING INFORMATION



TPS3813 FUNCTION/TRUTH TABLE

$V_{DD} > V_{IT}$	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$
0	L
1	H

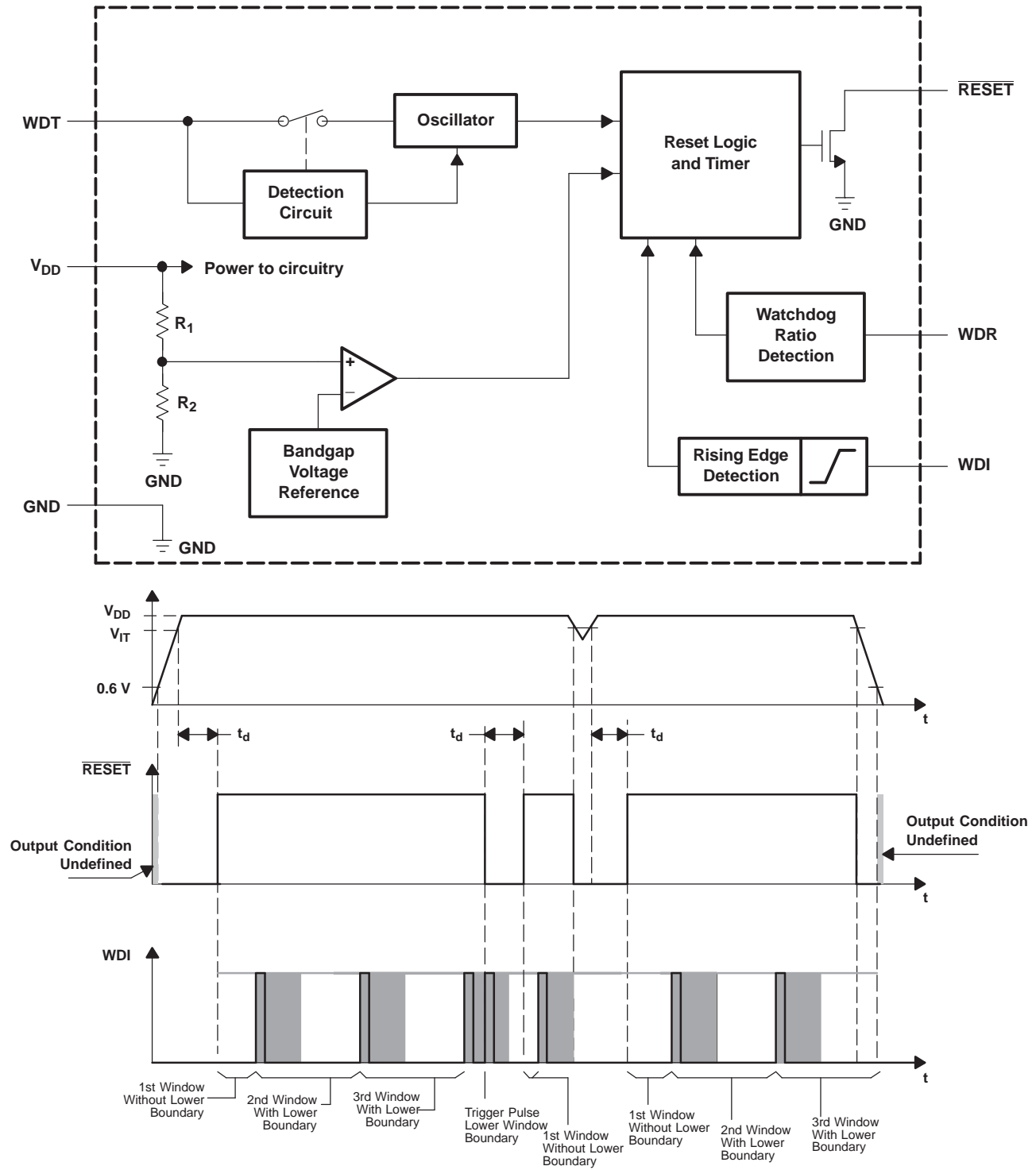


Figure 1. Timing Diagram

The lower boundary of the watchdog window starts with the rising edge of the WDI trigger pulse. At the same time, all internal timers will be reset. If an external capacitor is used, the lower boundary is impacted due to the different oscillator frequency. This is described in more detail in the following section. The timing diagram and especially the shaded boundary is prepared in a nonreal ratio scale to better visualize the description.

Terminal Functions

TERMINAL NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION
GND	2	I	Ground
RESET	6	O	Open-drain reset output
V _{DD}	4	I	Supply voltage and supervising input
WDI	1	I	Watchdog timer input
WDR	5	I	Selectable watchdog window ratio input
WDT	3	I	Programmable watchdog delay input

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

IMPLEMENTED WINDOW-WATCHDOG SETTINGS

There are two different ways to set up the watchdog window. The first way is to use the implemented timing which is a default setting. Or, the default settings can be activated by wiring the WDT and WDR pin to V_{DD} or GND. There are a total of four different timings available with these settings which are listed in the table below.

SELECTED OPERATION MODE		WINDOW FRAME	LOWER WINDOW FRAME
WDT = 0 V	WDR = 0 V	Max = 0.3 s	Max = 9.46 ms
		Typ = 0.25 s	Typ = 7.86 ms
		Min = 0.2 s	Min = 6.27 ms
	WDR = V _{DD}	Max = 0.3 s	Max = 2.43 ms
		Typ = 0.25 s	Typ = 2 ms
		Min = 0.2 s	Min = 1.58 ms
WDT = V _{DD}	WDR = 0 V	Max = 3 s	Max = 93.8 ms
		Typ = 2.5 s	Typ = 78.2 ms
		Min = 2 s	Min = 62.5 ms
	WDR = V _{DD}	Max = 3 s	Max = 23.5 ms
		Typ = 2.5 s	Typ = 19.6 ms
		Min = 2 s	Min = 15.6 ms

To visualize the values named in the table, a timing diagram (see [Figure 2](#)) was prepared. The timing diagram is used to describe the upper and lower boundary settings. For an application, the important boundaries are the $t_{\text{boundary,max}}$ and $t_{\text{window,min}}$. Within these values, the watchdog timer should be retriggered to avoid a timeout condition or a boundary violation in the event of a trigger pulse in the lower boundary. The values in the table above are typical and worst case conditions. They are valid over the whole temperature range of -55°C to 125°C .

In the shaded area of [Figure 2](#), it cannot be predicted if the device will detect a violation or not and release a reset. This is also the case between the boundary tolerance of $t_{\text{boundary,min}}$ and $t_{\text{boundary,max}}$ as well as between $t_{\text{window,min}}$ and $t_{\text{window,max}}$. It is important to set up the trigger pulses accordingly to avoid violations in these areas.

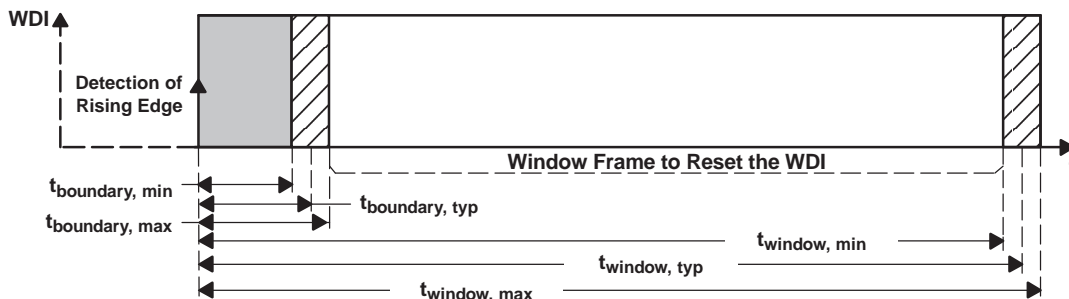


Figure 2. Upper and Lower Boundary Visualization

TIMING RULES OF WINDOW-WATCHDOG

After the reset of the supervisor is released, the lower boundary of the first WDI window is disabled. However, after the first WDI pulse low-to-high transition is detected, the lower boundary function of the window is enabled. All further WDI pulses will need to fit into the configured window frame.

PROGRAMMABLE WINDOW-WATCHDOG BY USING AN EXTERNAL CAPACITOR

The upper boundary of the watchdog timer can be set by an external capacitor connected between the WDT pin and GND. Common consumer electronic capacitors can be used to implement this feature. They should have low ESR and low tolerances since the tolerances have to be considered if the calculations are performed. The first formula is used to calculate the upper window frame. After calculating the upper window frame, the lower boundary can be calculated. As in the last example, the most important values are the $t_{\text{boundary,max}}$ and $t_{\text{window,min}}$. The trigger pulse has to fit into this window frame.

The external capacitor should have a value between a minimum of 47 pF and a maximum of 63 nF.

SELECTED OPERATION MODE		WINDOW FRAME
WDT = external capacitor $C_{\text{(ext)}}$	WDR = 0 V and WDR = V_{DD}	$t_{\text{window,max}} = 1.25 \times t_{\text{window,typ}}$
		$t_{\text{window,min}} = 0.75 \times t_{\text{window,typ}}$

$$t_{\text{window,typ}} = \left(\frac{C_{\text{(ext)}}}{15.55 \text{ pF}} + 1 \right) \times 6.25 \text{ ms} \quad (1)$$

LOWER BOUNDARY CALCULATION

The lower boundary can be calculated based on the values given in the switching characteristics. Additionally, facts have to be taken into account to verify that the lower boundary is where it is expected. Since the internal oscillator of the window watchdog is running free, any rising edge at the WDI pin will be taken into account at the next internal clock cycle. This happens regardless of the external source. Since the shift between internal and external clock is not known, it is best to consider the worst case condition for calculating this value.

SELECTED OPERATION MODE		LOWER BOUNDARY OF FRAME
WDT = external capacitor $C_{\text{(ext)}}$	WDR = 0 V	$t_{\text{boundary,max}} = t_{\text{window,max}} / 23.5$
		$t_{\text{boundary,typ}} = t_{\text{window,typ}} / 25.8$
		$t_{\text{boundary,min}} = t_{\text{window,min}} / 28.7$
	WDR = V_{DD}	$t_{\text{boundary,max}} = t_{\text{window,max}} / 51.6$
		$t_{\text{boundary,typ}} = t_{\text{window,typ}} / 64.5$
		$t_{\text{boundary,min}} = t_{\text{window,min}} / 92.7$

WATCHDOG SOFTWARE CONSIDERATIONS

To benefit from the window watchdog feature and help the watchdog timer monitor the software execution more closely, it is recommended that the watchdog be set and reset at different points in the program rather than pulsing the watchdog input periodically by using the prescaler of a microcontroller or DSP. Furthermore, the watchdog trigger pulses should be set to different timings inside the window frame to release a defined reset, if the program should hang in any subroutine. This allows the window watchdog to detect timeouts of the trigger pulse as well as pulses that distort the lower boundary.

APPLICATION EXAMPLE

A typical application example (see [Figure 3](#)) is used to describe the function of the watchdog in more detail.

To configure the window watchdog function, two pins are provided by the TPS3813. These pins set the window timeout and ratio.

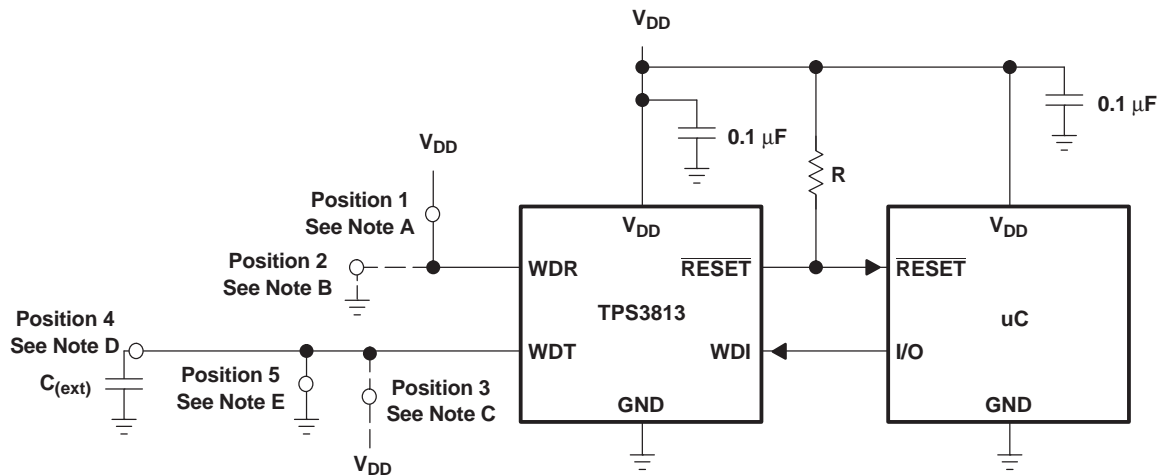
The window watchdog ratio is a fixed ratio, which determines the lower boundary of the window frame. It can be configured in two different frame sizes.

If the window watchdog ratio pin (WDR) is set to V_{DD} , Position 1 in Figure 3, then the lower window frame is a value based on a ratio calculation of the overall window timeout size: For the watchdog timeout pin (WDT) connected to GND, it is a ratio of 1:124.9, for WDT connected to V_{DD} , it is a ratio of 1:127.7, and for an external capacitor connected to WDT, it is a ratio of 1:64.5.

If the window watchdog ratio pin (WDR) is set to GND, Position 2, the lower window frame will be a value based on a ratio calculation of the overall window timeout size: For the watchdog timeout pin (WDT) connected to GND, it will be a ratio of 1:31.8, for WDT connected to V_{DD} it will be 1:32, and for an external capacitor connected to WDT it will be 1:25.8.

The watchdog timeout can be set in two fixed timings of 0.25 seconds and 2.5 seconds for the window or can be programmed by connecting an external capacitor with a low leakage current at WDT.

Example: If the watchdog timeout pin (WDT) is connected to V_{DD} , the timeout will be 2.5 seconds. If the window watchdog ratio pin (WDR) is set in this configuration to a ratio of 1:127.7 by connecting the pin to V_{DD} , the lower boundary is 19.6 ms.



- A. Watchdog window ratio
- B. Watchdog timeout set to typical 2.5 sec
- C. Watchdog timeout programmed by external capacitor
- D. Watchdog timeout set to typical 0.25 sec

Figure 3. Application Example

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) ⁽¹⁾

		UNIT
V _{DD}	Supply voltage ⁽²⁾	7 V
	RESET	–0.3 V to V _{DD} + 0.3 V
	All other pins ⁽²⁾	–0.3 V to 7 V
I _{OL}	Maximum low output current	5 mA
I _{OH}	Maximum high output current	–5 mA
I _{IK}	Input clamp current (V _I < 0 or V _I > V _{DD})	±20 mA
I _{OK}	Output clamp current (V _O < 0 or V _O > V _{DD})	±20 mA
Continuous total power dissipation		See Dissipation Rating Table
T _A	Operating free-air temperature range	–55°C to 125°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	–65°C to 150°C
	Soldering temperature	260°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under *absolute maximum ratings* may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *recommended operating conditions* is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.
- (2) All voltage values are with respect to GND. For reliable operation, the device should not be operated at 7 V for more than t = 1000h continuously.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	T _A < 25°C POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C	T _A = 70°C POWER RATING	T _A = 85°C POWER RATING
DBV	437 mW	3.5 mW/°C	280 mW	227 mW

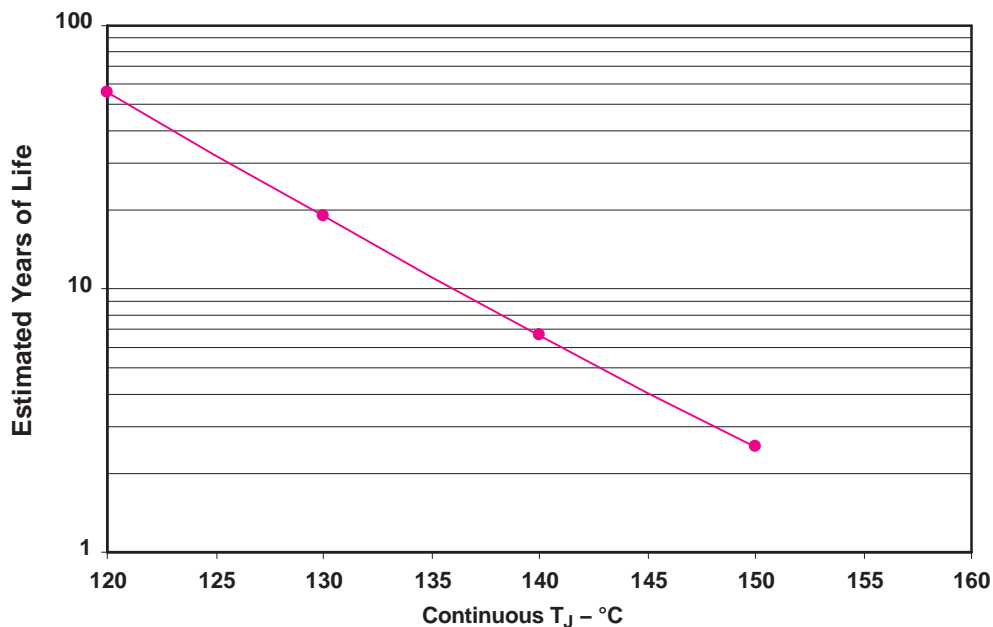


Figure 4. TPS3813K33DBV Wirebond Life

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

at specified temperature range

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V_{DD}	Supply voltage	2	6	V
V_I	Input voltage	0	$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	$0.7 \times V_{DD}$		V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage		$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	V
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	Input transition rise and fall rate		100	ns/V
t_w	Pulse width of WDI trigger pulse	50		ns
T_A	Operating free-air temperature range	-55	125	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	$V_{DD} = 2\text{ V to }6\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 500\ \mu\text{A}$				0.2	V
		$V_{DD} = 3.3\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 2\text{ mA}$				0.4	
		$V_{DD} = 6\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 4\text{ mA}$				0.4	
Power up reset voltage ⁽¹⁾		$V_{DD} \geq 1.1\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 50\ \mu\text{A}$				0.2	V
V_{IT}	Negative-going input threshold voltage ⁽²⁾	TPS3813J25		2.2	2.25	2.3	V
		TPS3813L30		2.58	2.64	2.7	
		TPS3813K33	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2.87	2.93	3	
			$T_A = \text{Full Range}$	2.8		3.1	
TPS3813I50		4.45	4.55	4.65			
V_{hys}	Hysteresis	TPS3813J25			30		mV
		TPS3813L30			35		
		TPS3813K33			40		
		TPS3813I50			60		
I_{IH}	High-level input current	WDI, WDR	$WDI = V_{DD} = 6\text{ V}, WDR = V_{DD} = 6\text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-100	100	nA
			$T_A = \text{Full Range}$	-1000	1000		
		WDT	$WDT = V_{DD} = 6\text{ V}, V_{DD} > V_{IT}, \overline{\text{RESET}} = \text{High}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-100	100	
				$T_A = \text{Full Range}$	-1000	1000	
I_{IL}	Low-level input current	WDI, WDR	$WDI = 0\text{ V}, WDR = 0\text{ V}, V_{DD} = 6\text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-100	100	nA
				$T_A = \text{Full Range}$	-1000	1000	
		WDT	$WDT = 0\text{ V}, V_{DD} > V_{IT}, \overline{\text{RESET}} = \text{High}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-100	100	
				$T_A = \text{Full Range}$	-1000	1000	
I_{OH}	High-level output current	$V_{DD} = V_{OH} = 6\text{ V}$	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		100	nA	
			$T_A = \text{Full Range}$		1000		
I_{DD}	Supply current	$V_{DD} = 2\text{ V}$ output unconnected			9	13	μA
		$V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ output unconnected			20	25	
C_I	Input capacitance	$V_I = 0\text{ V to }V_{DD}$			5		pF

(1) The lowest supply voltage at which $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ becomes active. $t_r, V_{DD} \geq 15\ \mu\text{s/V}$.

(2) To ensure the best stability of the threshold voltage, a bypass capacitor (ceramic, 0.1 μF) should be placed near the supply terminals.

TIMING REQUIREMENTS

at $R_L = 1\ \text{M}\Omega, C_L = 50\ \text{pF}, T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t_w	Pulse width at V_{DD}	$V_{DD} = V_{IT-} + 0.2\text{ V}, V_{DD} = V_{IT-} - 0.2\text{ V}$		3	μs

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

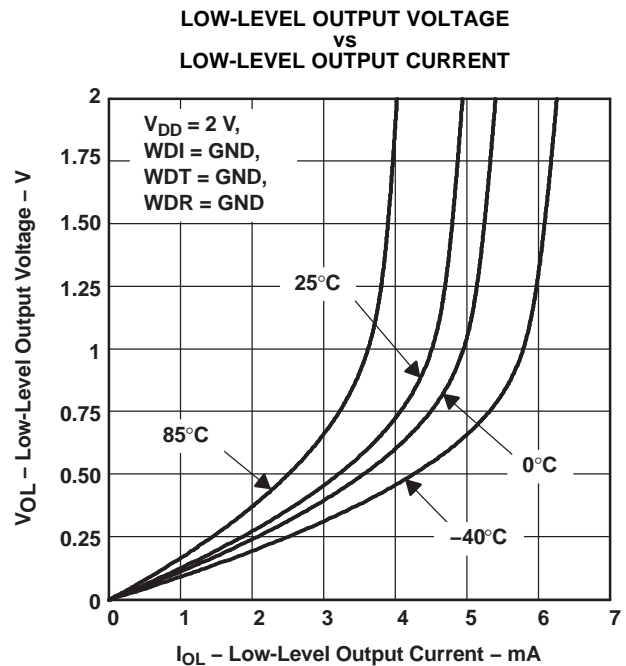
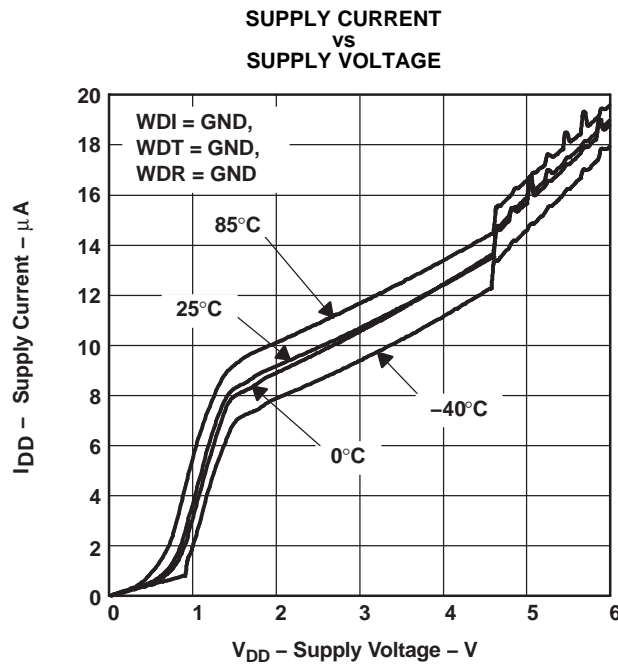
at $R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$, $C_L = 50\text{ pF}$, $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ to 125°C

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
t_d Delay time		$V_{DD} \geq V_{IT} + 0.2\text{ V}$, See Figure 1	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	20	25	30	ms
			$T_A = \text{Full Range}$	15		40	
$t_{(out)}$ Watchdog time-out	Upper limit	$WDT = 0\text{ V}$		0.25		s	
		$WDT = V_{DD}$		2.5			
		$WDT = \text{programmable}^{(1)}$		See ⁽²⁾		ms	
Watchdog window ratio		$WDR = 0\text{ V}, WDT = 0\text{ V}$		1:31.8			
		$WDR = 0\text{ V}, WDT = V_{DD}$		1:32			
		$WDR = 0\text{ V}, WDT = \text{programmable}$		1:25.8			
		$WDR = V_{DD}, WDT = 0\text{ V}$		1:124.9			
		$WDR = V_{DD}, WDT = V_{DD}$		1:127.7			
		$WDR = V_{DD}, WDT = \text{programmable}$		1:64.5			
t_{PHL} Propagation (delay) time, high-to-low-level output	V_{DD} to $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ delay	$V_{IL} = V_{IT} - 0.2\text{ V}, V_{IH} = V_{IT} + 0.2\text{ V}$		30		μs	

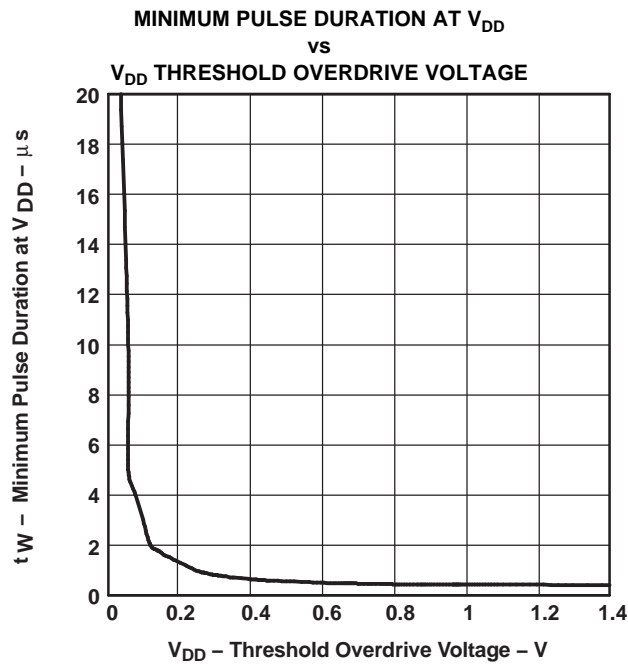
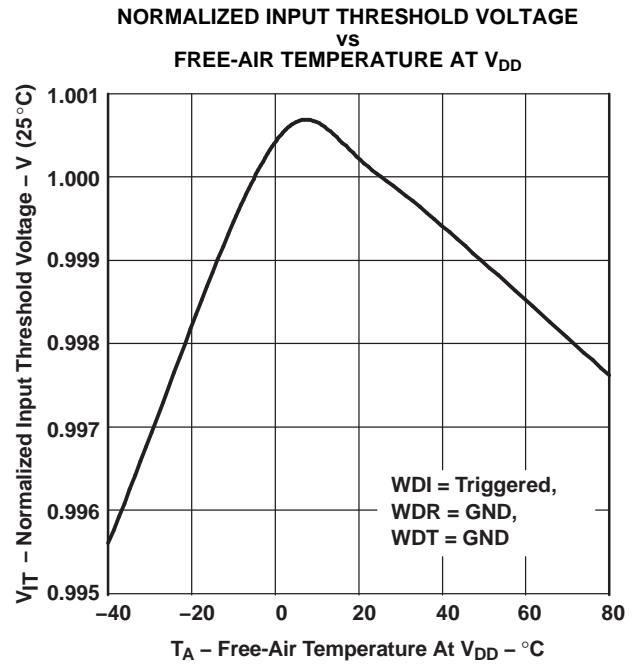
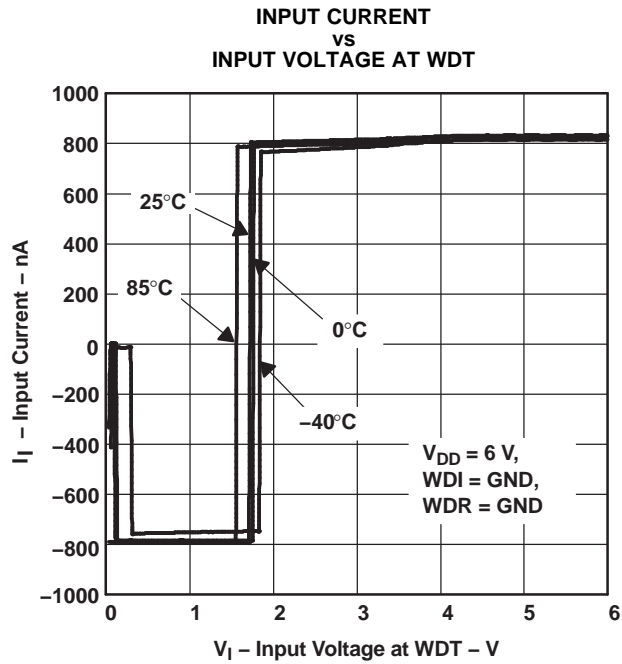
(1) $155\text{ pF} < C_{(ext)} < 63\text{ nF}$

(2) $(C_{(ext)} + 15.55\text{ pF} + 1) \times 6.25\text{ ms}$

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)



PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Top-Side Markings (4)	Samples
2T13K33MDBVREPG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-55 to 125	PLGM	Samples
TPS3813K33MDBVREP	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-55 to 125	PLGM	Samples
V62/06627-01XE	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-55 to 125	PLGM	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) Multiple Top-Side Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Top-Side Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Top-Side Marking for that device.

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TPS3813K33-EP :

- Catalog: [TPS3813K33](#)
- Automotive: [TPS3813K33-Q1](#)

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

- Catalog - TI's standard catalog product
- Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS3813K33MDBVREP	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	9.0	3.15	3.2	1.4	4.0	8.0	Q3

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



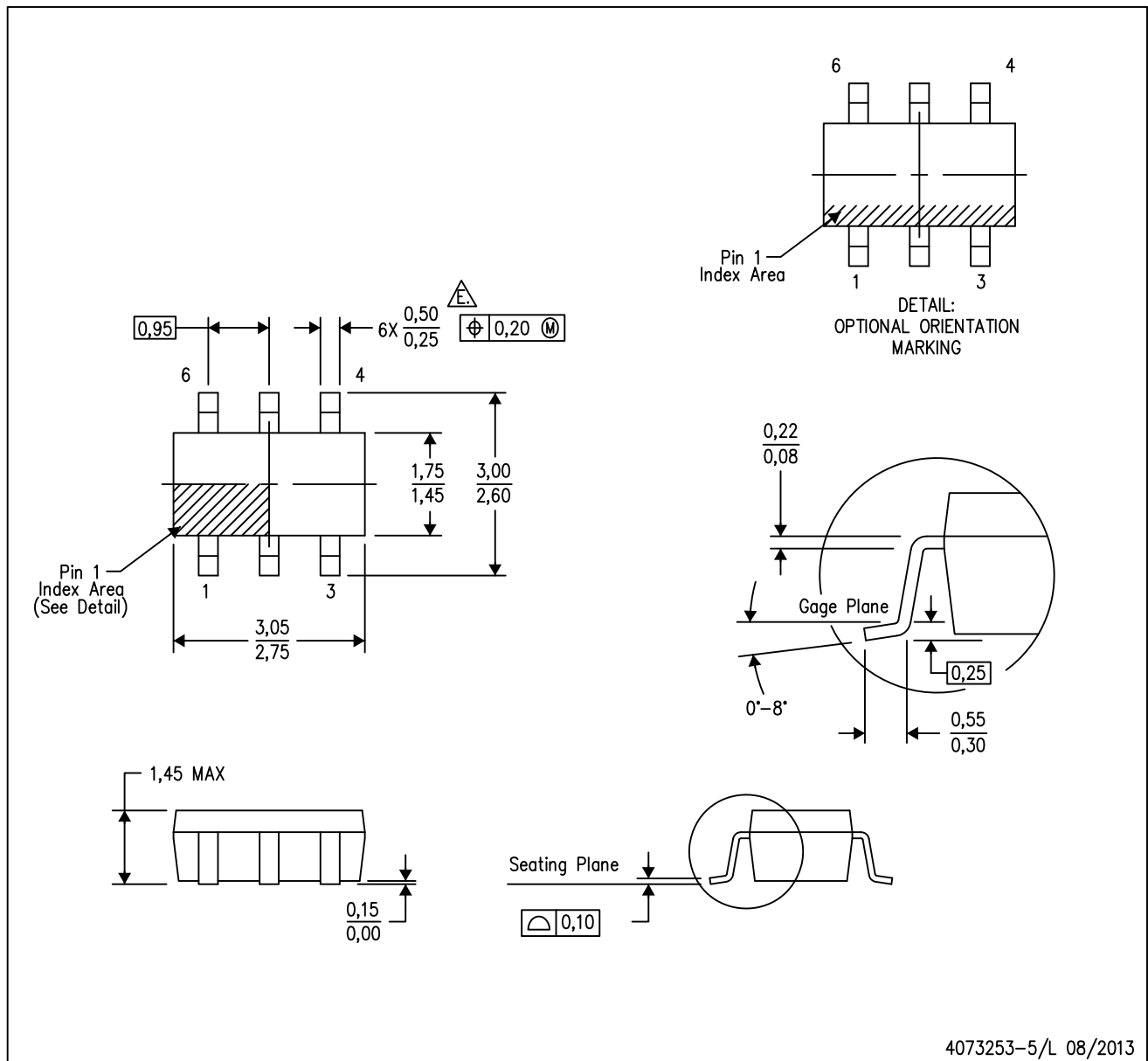
*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS3813K33MDBVREP	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	182.0	182.0	20.0

MECHANICAL DATA

DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

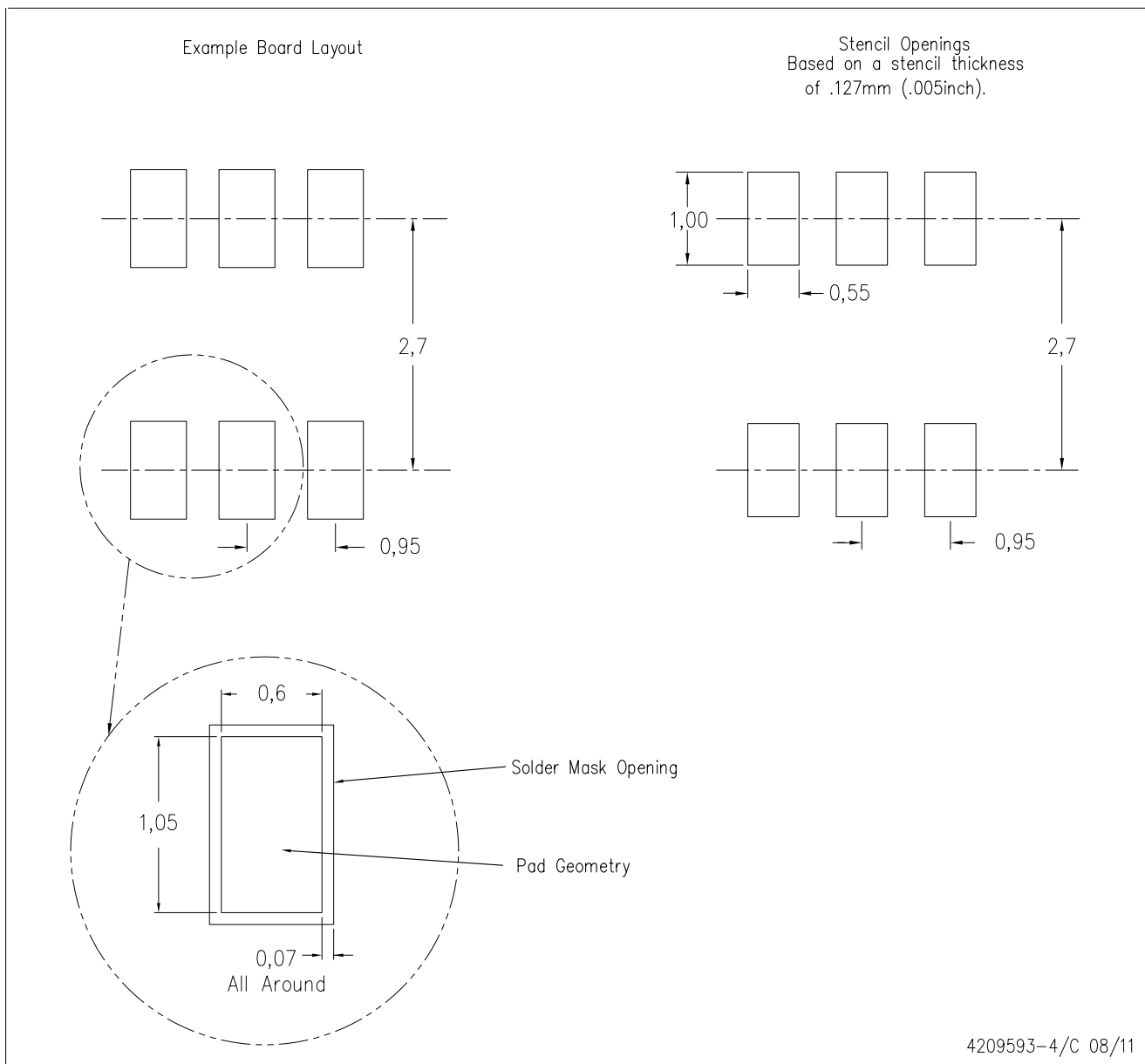
PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
- ⚠ Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AB, except minimum lead width.

DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
 - D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.

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