SPECIFICATION

SPEC. No. C-150°C-a D A T E : 2013 Sep.

То

Non-Controlled Copy

CUSTOMER'S PRODUCT NAME

TDK PRODUCT NAME

MULTILAYER CERAMIC CHIP CAPACITORS

C. Series / Commercial Grade

C Series / Commercial Grade
High Temperature Application

Please return this specification to TDK representatives.

If orders are placed without returned specification, please allow us to judge that specification is accepted by your side.

RECEIPT CONFIRMATION

DATE: YEAR MONTH DAY

TDK Corporation
Sales
Electronic Components
Sales & Marketing Group

TDK-EPC Corporation

Engineering

Ceramic Capacitors Business Group

APPROVED	Person in charge

APPROVED	CHECKED	Person in charge

1. SCOPE

This specification is applicable to chip type multilayer ceramic capacitors with a priority over the other relevant specifications.

Production places defined in this specification shall be TDK-EPC Corporation Japan,

TDK (Suzhou) Co., Ltd, and TDK Components U.S.A. Inc.

EXPLANATORY NOTE:

This specification warrants the quality of the ceramic chip capacitors. The chips should be evaluated or confirmed a state of mounted on your product.

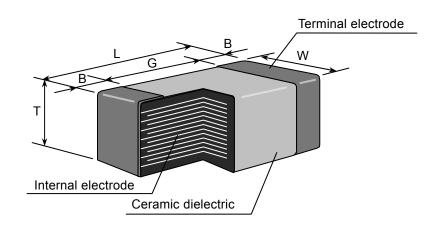
If the use of the chips goes beyond the bounds of the specification, we can not afford to guarantee.

2. CODE CONSTRUCTION

(Example)

Catalog Number :	C1608	<u> X8R</u>	<u>1E</u>	<u>104</u>	<u>K</u>	<u>080</u>	<u>A</u>	<u>A</u>
(Web)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Item Description :	C1608	<u> X8R</u>	<u>1E</u>	<u>104</u>	<u>K</u>	<u>T</u>	XXXX	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(9)	(10)	

(1) Type



Please refer to product list for the dimension of each product.

- (2) Temperature Characteristics (Details are shown in table 1 No.7 and No.8 at page 5)
- (3) Rated Voltage

Symbol	Rated Voltage					
2 A	DC 100 V					
1 H	DC 50 V					
1 E	DC 25 V					
1 C	DC 16 V					



(4) Rated Capacitance

Stated in three digits and in units of pico farads (pF).

The first and Second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance, the third digit identifies the multiplier.

R is designated for a decimal point.

Example 2R2 → 2.2pF

 $104 \rightarrow 1,00,000pF$

(5) Capacitance tolerance

Symbol	Tolerance	Capacitance
С	± 0.25 pF	10pF and under
D	± 0.5 pF	Topir and under
J	± 5%	
K	± 10 %	Over 10pF
М	± 20 %	

- (6) Thickness code (Only Catalog Number)
- (7) Package code (Only Catalog Number)
- (8) Special code (Only Catalog Number)
- (9) Packaging

Symbol	Packaging
В	Bulk
T	Taping

(10) Internal code (Only Item Description)



3. RATED CAPACITANCE AND CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE

3.1 Standard combination of rated capacitance and tolerances

Clas s	Temperature Characteristics	Capacitanc	e tolerance	Rated capacitance	
		10pF and	C (±0.25pF)	01, 1.5, 2, 2.2, 3, 3.3, 4, 4.7, 5	
		under	D (±0.5pF)	6, 6.8, 7, 8, 9, 10	
1	1 NP0	12pF to 10,000pF	1/+ 50/)	E – 12 series	
		Over 10,000pF	J (± 5%)	E – 6 series	
2	X8R	10uF and under	K (± 10 %) M (± 20 %)	E – 6 series	
		Over 10uF		M (± 20 %)	

3.2 Capacitance Step in E series

E series	Capacitance Step											
E- 6	1	1.0 1.5 2.2 3.3 4.7 6.8										
E-12	1.0	1.2	1.5	1.8	2.2	2.7	3.3	3.9	4.7	5.6	6.8	8.2

4. OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE

T.C.	Min. operating	Max. operating	Reference	
	Temperature	Temperature	Temperature	
NP0 X8R	-55°C	150°C	25°C	

5. STORING CONDITION AND TERM

5 to 40°C at 20 to 70%RH

6 months Max.

6. P.C. BOARD

When mounting on an aluminum substrate, large case sizes such as C3225, C4532 and C5750 types are more likely to be affected by heat stress from the substrate. Please inquire separate specification for the large case sizes when mounted on the substrate.

7. INDUSTRIAL WASTE DISPOSAL

Dispose this product as industrial waste in accordance with the Industrial Waste Law.



8. PERFORMANCE

table 1

No.	Item	Perform	nance		Test or insp	ection meth	and	
1		No defects which n	Incocots	Test or inspection method Inspect with magnifying glass (3×).				
	External Appearance	performance.	lay allect	Порест	with magning	ing glass (3	o^).	
2	Insulation Resistance	10,000MΩ or 500M	•	Apply ra	ted voltage	for 60s.		
		(As for the capacito						
		voltage 16, 10V DC						
		10,000 MΩ or 100N	MΩ·μF min.,)					
	= .	whichever smaller.						
3	Voltage Proof	Withstand test volta insulation breakdov	•	Cla	ss	Apply volta	age	
		damage.	WIT OF OUTCO	Clas	s1 3	3 × rated vo		
				Clas		.5 × rated v		
					C voltage s	hall be appl	ied for	
				1 to 5s.	/ dia ahawaa		lnot	
				exceed 5	′ discharge (50mA.	current snai	i not	
4	Capacitance	Within the specified	d tolerance.			1		
				Class	Rated Capacitance	Measuring frequency	Measuring voltage	
			Class1	1000pF and under	1MHz±10%	0.5-5 Vms.		
				Over 1000pF	1kHz±10%			
				Class2	10uF and under	1kHz±10%	1.0±0.2V/ms.	
					Over 10uF	120Hz±20%	0.5±0.2Vms.	
			measurii	mation which ng voltage, presentative	please cont	as which act with our		
5	Q			See No.	4 in this tab	le for meası	uring	
	(Class1)	Rated Capacitance	Q	condition	١.			
		30pF and over	1,000 min.					
		Under 30pF	400+20×C min.					
		C : Rated capacita	nce (pF)					
6	Dissipation Factor (Class2)	T.C. Rated	D.F.	See No.	4 in this tabl	le for meası	uring	
	(Class2)	voltage voltage	0.03 max.	Condition	1.			
		X8R	0.05 max.	For infor	mation whic	ch product h	as which	
				Dissipati	on Factor, p	olease conta	act with our	
				sales rep	oresentative) <u>.</u>		



(COI	ntinued)			T			
No.	Item		Performance	Tes	st or inspection method		
7	Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance (Class1)	T.C. Temperature Coefficient (ppm/°C) NP0 0 ± 30 Capacitance drift Within ± 0.2% or ±0.05pF,		Temperature coefficient shall be calculated based on values at 25°C and 85°C temperature. Measuring temperature below 20°C shall be -10°C and -25°C.			
8	Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance (Class2)		acitance Change (%) No voltage applied X8R: ±15	steps show thermal equ step.	ce shall be measured by the vn in the following table after uillibrium is obtained for each ulated ref. STEP3 reading Temperature(°C) Reference temp. ± 2 Min. operating temp. ± 2 Reference temp. ± 2 Max. operating temp. ± 2		
9	Robustness of Terminations	_	of termination coming off, e of ceramic, or other Il signs.	P.C.Board : Appendix 1 of 2N (C10	der the capacitors on a shown in Appendix 1a or 1b and apply a pushing force 105) or 5N (C1608, C2012, 225, C4532, C5750) with		
10	Bending	No mech	anical damage.	a P.C.Board Appendix 2	der the capacitors on d shown in Appendix 2a or 2b and bend it for 1mm.		

No.	Ite	em		Perfo	rmance	Test or inspection method
11	Solderability	termination 25% may spots but	on. have _l	over over 75% of pin holes or rough oncentrated in one	Completely soak both terminations in solder at 235±5°C for 2±0.5s. Solder: H63A (JIS Z 3282)	
	spot. Ceramic surface of A sections shall not be exposed due to melting or shifting of termination material. A section					Flux: Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K 8839) Rosin(JIS K 5902) 25% solid solution.
12	Resistance to solder heat	External appearance	termination	ons sha	llowed and all be covered at new solder.	Completely soak both terminations in solder at 260±5°C for 5±1s.
	neat	Capacitance		eristics	Change from the value before test Capacitance drift within ±2.5% or ±0.25pF, whichever larger.	Preheating condition Temp.: 150±10°C Time : 1 to 2min. Solder: H63A (JIS Z 3282)
			Class2	X8R	± 7.5 %	Flux : Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K 8839) Rosin (JIS K 5902) 25% solid solution.
		Q (Class1)	Unde	nd over r 30pF	e Q 1,000 min. 400+20×C min.	Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for 6 to 24h (Class1) or 24±2h (Class2) before measurement.
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the initial spec.			
		Insulation Resistance	Meet the	initial s	spec.	
		Voltage proof	No insula other dan		eakdown or	

No.	lt/	em	Performance			nance	Test or inspection method			
13	Vibration	External appearance	No mechanical damage.			mage.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1a or			
		Capacitance					Appen	dix 1b before testing		
			Charact	eristics		hange from the alue before test		e the capacitors with		
			Class1	NP0		2.5% or ±0.25pF, nichever larger.	1.5mm	P-P changing the fr	equencies	
			Class2	X8R		± 7.5 %		om 10Hz to 55Hz and back to 10Hz bout 1min. epeat this for 2h each in 3		
							Repea			
		Q					-	ndicular directions.		
		(Class1)	Rated C	apacitan	œ	Q	' '			
			30pF	and over	-	1,000 min.				
			Und	er 30pF		400+20×C min.				
			C : Rated	d capa	cita	nce (pF)				
		D.F.	Meet the	initial	spe	ec.				
		(Class2)								
14	Temperature	External	No mech	anical	da	mage.	Reflow	solder the capacitor	rs on a	
	cycle	appearance					P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1a or			
		Capacitance					Appen	dix 1b before testing		
			Charac	teristics		Change from the value before test	Expose the capacitors in the conditi step1 through step 4 and repeat 5 ti consecutively.		e condition	
			Class1	NP0		2.5% or ±0.25pF, hichever larger.			epeat 5 times	
			Class2	X8R		± 7.5 %		Leave the capacitors in ambient		
		Q					condition for 6 to 24h ((Class 2) before meas		•	
		(Class1)	Rated C	apacitan	œ	Q			ient.	
				and over	•	1,000 min.	Step	Temperature(°C)	Time (min.)	
			Und	er 30pF		400+20×C min.		Min. operating		
			C : Rated	d capa	cita	nce (pF)	1	temp. ±3	30 ± 3	
		D.F. (Class2)	Meet the	initial	spe	ec.	2	Reference Temp.	2 - 5	
		Insulation Resistance	Meet the	initial	spe	ec.	3	Max. operating temp. ±2	30 ± 2	
		Voltage proof	No insulation breakdown or other damage.			kdown or	4	Reference Temp.	2 - 5	

No.	Ite	em		Perfo	rmance	Test or inspection method
15	Moisture	External	No mecha	anical o	damage.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a
	Resistance	appearance			_	P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1a or
	(Steady	Capacitance				Appendix 1b before testing.
	State)		Characte	eristics	Change from the value before test	Leave at temperature 40±2°C, 90 to
			Class1		±5% or ±0.5pF, whichever larger.	95%RH for 500 +24,0h.
			Class2	X8R	± 12.5 %	Leave the capacitors in ambient
						condition for 6 to 24h (Class1) or
		Q				24±2h (Class2) before measurement.
		(Class1)	Rated Ca	apacitance	e Q	
			30pF a	and over	350 min.	
				and over r 30pF	275+5/2×C min.	
			Under	r 10pF	200+10×C min.	
			C : Rated	capac	itance (pF)	
		D.F. Characteristics			. ,	
		(Class2)			initial spec. max.	
		Insulation	1.000ΜΩ α	or 50MΩ	⊋·uF min.	
		Resistance	1,000MΩ or 50MΩ·μF min. (As for the capacitors of rated			
			,		DC and lower,	
			1,000 MΩ or 10MΩ·μF min.,)			
			whicheve			
6	Moisture	External	No mecha			Reflow solder the capacitors on a
Ū	Resistance	appearance	Tro moon	arnoar (aamago.	P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1a or
	resistance	Capacitance				Appendix 1b before testing.
		Capacitance	Characte	eristics	Change from the value before test	
			Class1		±7.5% or ±0.75pF, whichever larger.	Apply the rated voltage at temperature 40±2°C and 90 to 95%RH for 500
			Class2	X8R	± 12.5 %	+24,0h.
				7.01	12.0 70	
		0				Charge/discharge current shall not
		Q (Class1)	Poted Ca	anacitan-	0	exceed 50mA.
		(Class1)	Rated Ca	-		
				and over	200 min.	Leave the capacitors in ambient
			-	er 30pF	100+10/3×C min.	condition for 6 to 24h (Class1) or
					itance (pF)	24±2h (Class2) before measurement.
		D.F.	Character			Voltage conditioning (only for class 2)
		(Class 2)	X8R : 200% of initial spectrum 500MΩ or 25MΩ· μ F min.		initial spec. max.	Voltage treat the capacitors under
		(Class2)).uE min	
		Insulation	500ΜΩ οι	r 25MΩ	2 μι ιιιιι.	testing temperature and voltage for 1
					citors of rated	testing temperature and voltage for 1 hour.
		Insulation	(As for the	е сара	•	, ,
		Insulation	(As for the	e capa 6, 10V	citors of rated DC and lower, 500	hour.
		Insulation	(As for the	e capa 6, 10V /ΙΩ·μF ι	citors of rated DC and lower, 500 min.,)	hour. Leave the capacitors in ambient

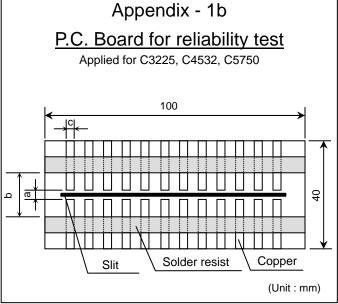


No.	It	Item Performance		Test or inspection method		
17	Life	External appearance	No mech	nanical	damage.	Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 1a or
		Capacitance	Charact	eristics	Change from the value before test ±3% or ±0.3pF,	Below the voltage shall be applied at
			Class1 Class2	NP0 X8R	whichever larger. ±15 %	maximum operating temperature ±2°C for 1,000 +48, 0h.
						Applied voltage
		Q				Rated voltage x2
		(Class1)	Rated C	apacitano	ce Q	Rated voltage x1.5
				and over	350 min.	Rated voltage x1.2
				and over er 30pF	275+5/2×C min.	Rated voltage x1
			Unde	er 10pF	200+10×C min.	For information which are duet be-
			C : Rate	d capa	citance (pF)	For information which product has which applied voltage, please contact
		D.F. (Class2)	Characte X8R : 2		initial spec. max.	with our sales representative.
		Insulation	1,000ΜΩ	or 50M	Ω·μF min.	
		Resistance	voltage 1	16, 10V	acitors of rated DC and lower, MΩ·μF min.,)	Charge/discharge current shall not exceed 50mA.
			whicheve			Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for 6 to 24h (Class1) or
						24±2h (Class2) before measurement.
						Voltage conditioning (only for class 2) Voltage treat the capacitors under testing temperature and voltage for 1 hour. Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for 24±2h before measurement. Use this measurement for initial value.

^{*}As for the initial measurement of capacitors (Class2) on number 8,12,13,14 and 15, leave capacitors at 150 –10,0°C for 1 hour and measure the value after leaving capacitors for 24±2h in ambient condition.



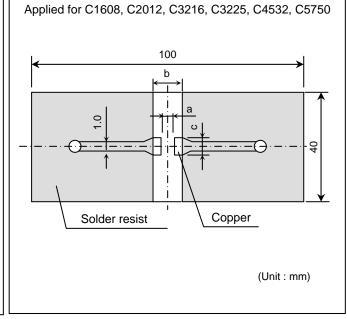
Appendix - 1a P.C. Board for reliability test Applied for C1005, C1608, C2012, C3216



Appendix - 2b

P.C. Board for bending test

Appendix - 2a P.C. Board for bending test Applied for C1005



Material : Glass Epoxy (As per JIS C6484 GE4)

P.C. Board thickness : Appendix-2a 0.8mm
Appendix-1a, 1b, 2b 1.6mm

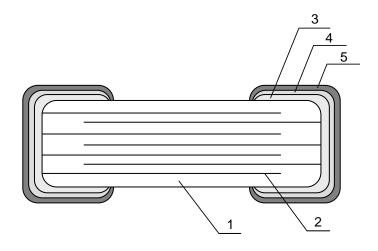
Copper (thickness 0.035mm)

Solder resist

TDV (FIA atrila)	Dimensions (mm)				
TDK (EIA style)	а	b	С		
C1005 (CC0402)	0.4	1.5	0.5		
C1608 (CC0603)	1.0	3.0	1.2		
C2012 (CC0805)	1.2	4.0	1.65		
C3216 (CC1206)	2.2	5.0	2.0		
C3225 (CC1210)	2.2	5.0	2.9		
C4532 (CC1812)	3.5	7.0	3.7		
C5750 (CC2220)	4.5	8.0	5.6		



9. INSIDE STRUCTURE AND MATERIAL



No.	NAME	MATE	RIAL			
NO.	INAIVIE	Class1	Class2			
1	Dielectric	CaZrO ₃	BaTiO ₃			
2	Electrode	Nickel (Ni)				
3		Coppe	r (Cu)			
4	Termination	Nickel (Ni)				
5		Tin (Sn)				

10. RECOMMENDATION

As for C3225, C4532 and C5750 types, It is recommended to provide a slit (about 1mm wide) in the board under the components to improve washing Flux. And please make sure to dry detergent up completely before.

11. SOLDERING CONDITION

As for C1005, C3225, C4532 and C5750 types, reflow soldering only.

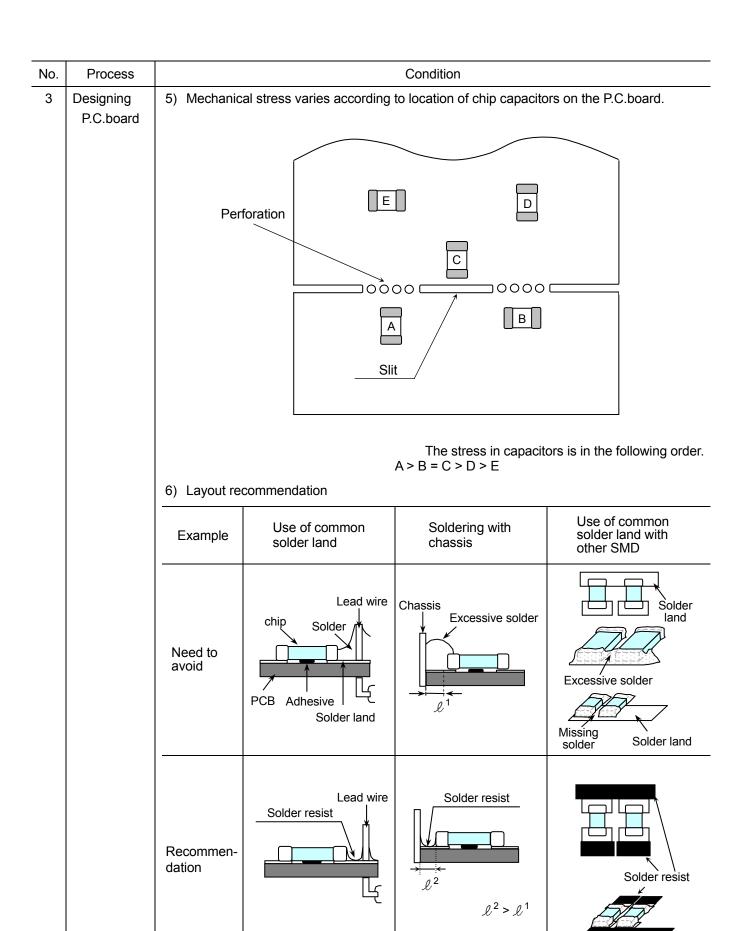


12. Caution

	Caution	
No.	Process	Condition
1	Operating Condition (Storage,	 Storage The capacitors must be stored in an ambient temperature of 5 to 40°C with a relative humidity of 20 to 70%RH. The products should be used within 6 months upon receipt.
	Transportation)	 The capacitors must be operated and stored in an environment free of dew condensation and these gases such as Hydrogen Sulphide, Hydrogen Sulphate, Chlorine, Ammonia and sulfur.
		3) Avoid storing in sun light and falling of dew.
		4) Do not use capacitors under high humidity and high and low atmospheric pressure which may affect capacitors reliability.
		5) Capacitors should be tested for the solderability when they are stored for long time.
		1-2. Handling in transportation
		In case of the transportation of the capacitors, the performance of the capacitors may be deteriorated depending on the transportation condition. (Refer to JEITA RCR-2335B 9.2 Handling in transportation)
2	Circuit design	2-1. Operating temperature
	<u> </u>	Operating temperature should be followed strictly within this specification, especially be careful with maximum temperature. 1) Do not use capacitors above the maximum allowable operating temperature.
		2) Surface temperature including self heating should be below maximum operating
		temperature. (Due to dielectric loss, capacitors will heat itself when AC is applied. Especially at high frequencies around its SRF, the heat might be so extreme that it may damage itself or the product mounted on. Please design the circuit so that the maximum temperature of the capacitors including the self heating to be below the maximum allowable operating temperature. Temperature rise at capacitor surface shall be below 20°C)
		 The electrical characteristics of the capacitors will vary depending on the temperature. The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the temperature into consideration. 2-2. Operating voltage
		1) Operating voltage across the terminals should be below the rated voltage. When AC and DC are super imposed, V _{0-P} must be below the rated voltage.
		AC or pulse with overshooting, V_{P-P} must be below the rated voltage. (1) and (2)
		When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use the capacitors within rated voltage containing these Irregular voltage.
		Voltage (1) DC voltage (2) DC+AC voltage (3) AC voltage
		Positional Measurement (Rated voltage) 0 V _{0-P} 0
		Voltage (4) Pulse voltage (A) (5) Pulse voltage (B)
		Positional Measurement (Rated voltage)

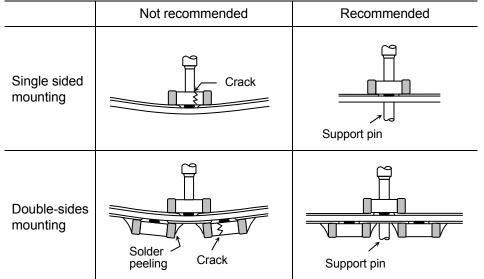
No.	Process	Condition							
2	Circuit design A Caution	 Even below the rated voltage, if repetitive high frequency AC or pulse is applied, the reliability of the capacitors may be reduced. 							
	ZZ Gadion	The effective capacitance will vary depending on applied DC and AC voltages. The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the voltages into consideration.							
		2-3. Frequency When the capacitors (Class 2) are used in AC and/or pulse voltages, the capacitors may vibrate themselves and generate audible sound.							
3	Designing P.C.board	 The amount of solder at the terminations has a direct effect on the reliability of the capacitors. 1) The greater the amount of solder, the higher the stress on the chip capacitors, and the more likely that it will break. When designing a P.C.board, determine the shape and size of the solder lands to have proper amount of solder on the terminations. 2) Avoid using common solder land for multiple terminations and provide individual 							
		solder land for each terminations.							
		3) Size and recommended land dimensions.							
		Chip capacitors Solder land							
		Solder resist							esist
		B A							
							(mm)		
		Type Symbol	pe C1608 C2012 C3210 (CC0603) (CC0805) (CC120						
		A	0.7 - 1.0		1.0 - 1.	3	2.1 - 2	2.5	
		В	0.8 - 1.0		1.0 - 1.	2	1.1 - 1.3		
		C	0.6 - 0.8		0.8 - 1.	1	1.0 - 1	1.3	
		Reflow sold	lerina						(mm)
		Туре	C1005		C1608		2012	C	3216
		Symbol	(CC0402)	(CC0603) (CC0805)		· · ·		(1206)	
		<u>А</u> В		0.3 - 0.5				· - 2.4 · - 1.2	
		C	0.35 - 0.45 0.6 - 0.8 0.7 - 0.9 0.4 - 0.6 0.6 - 0.8 0.9 - 1.2			- 1.6			
			0.4 - 0.0 0.0 - 0.8 0.9 - 1.2						
		Type Symbol	C3225		C4532		C5750		
		A	(CC1210) 2.0 - 2.4		CC1812) 3.1 - 3.7	· ·	C2220) 1 - 4.8		
		В	1.0 - 1.2		1.2 - 1.4		2 - 1.4		
		С	1.9 - 2.5		2.4 - 3.2		0 - 5.0		

			Condition					
3	Designing P.C.board	4) Recommended	Recommended chip capacitors layout is as following.					
			Disadvantage against bending stress	Advantage against bending stress				
		Mounting face	Perforation or slit	Perforation or slit				
			Break P.C.board with mounted side up.	Break P.C.board with mounted side down.				
		-	Mount perpendicularly to perforation or slit	Mount in parallel with perforation or slit				
		Chip arrangement (Direction)	Perforation or slit	Perforation or slit				
		Distance from slit	Closer to slit is higher stress	Away from slit is less stress				
			$(\ell_1 < \ell_2)$	$(\ell_1 < \ell_2)$				



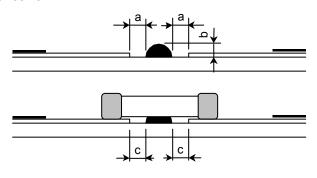


No.	Process	Condition
4	Mounting	4-1. Stress from mounting head If the mounting head is adjusted too low, it may induce excessive stress in the chip capacitors to result in cracking. Please take following precautions.
		Adjust the bottom dead center of the mounting head to reach on the P.C.board surface and not press it.
		2) Adjust the mounting head pressure to be 1 to 3N of static weight.
		 To minimize the impact energy from mounting head, it is important to provide support from the bottom side of the P.C.board. See following examples.
		Not recommended Becommended



When the centering jaw is worn out, it may give mechanical impact on the capacitors to cause crack. Please control the close up dimension of the centering jaw and provide sufficient preventive maintenance and replacement of it.

4-2. Amount of adhesive



Example: C2012 (CC0805), C3216 (CC1206)

a 0.2mm min.		
70 400	а	0.2mm min.
δ 70 - 100μm	b	70 - 100μm
c Do not touch the solder land	С	Do not touch the solder land

No.	Process		Co	ondition					
5	Soldering	5-1. Flux selection Although highly-activate activity may also degrate degradation, it is recommended to Strong flux is not recommended.	de the insulation	n of the chip ca	pacitors. To avo	id such			
		2) Excessive flux must be avoided. Please provide proper amount of flux.3) When water-soluble flux is used, enough washing is necessary.5-2. Recommended soldering profile by various methods							
		Wave sold			Reflow solde	•			
		Solder Preheating >	Natural cooling	→ ←	Preheating >	ldering Natural cooling →			
		Peak Temp O Over 60 sec. Peak Temp	Over 60 sec.	Peak Temp (O,) dwa_D Ove	r 60 sec.	Temp time			
		Manual s (Solde	•	<u>APPLI</u>	<u>CATION</u>				
	(Sol	300 ΔT Preheating		and C solder As for C4532	C1608 (CC0603), (3216 (CC1206), aping and reflow solder C1005 (CC0402), (2 (CC1812), C5750 oreflow soldering.	plied to wave ering. C3225 (CC1210),			
			3sec. (As short a						
		5-3. Recommended solder Temp./Duration	ering peak temp Wave so	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	o duration Reflow so	olderina			
		Solder	Peak temp(°C)	Duration(sec.)	Peak temp(°C)	Duration(sec.)			
		Sn-Pb Solder	250 max.	3 max.	230 max.	20 max.			

Temp./Duration	Wave so	oldering	Reflow soldering		
Solder	Peak temp(°C)	Duration(sec.)	Peak temp(°C)	Duration(sec.)	
Sn-Pb Solder	250 max.	3 max.	230 max.	20 max.	
Lead Free Solder	260 max.	5 max.	260 max.	10 max.	

Recommended solder compositions Sn-37Pb (Sn-Pb solder) Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu (Lead Free Solder)



No.	Process	Condition						
5	Soldering	5-4. Avoiding thermal shock						
	_	1) Preheating condition						
		Soldering Type Temp. (°C)						
		Wave soldering $C1608(CC0603), C2012(CC0805), \\ C3216(CC1206)$ $\Delta T \le 150$						
		C1005(CC0402), C1608(CC0603), C2012(CC0805), C3216(CC1206) ΔT ≤ 150						
		C3225(CC1210), C4532(CC1812), C5750(CC2220) ΔT ≤ 130						
		C1005(CC0402), C1608(CC0603), C2012(CC0805), C3216(CC1206) ΔT ≤ 150						
		C3225(CC1210), C4532(CC1812), C5750(CC2220) ΔT ≤ 130						
		 Natural cooling using air is recommended. If the chips are dipped into a solvent for cleaning, the temperature difference (ΔT) must be less than 100°C. 5-5. Amount of solder Excessive solder will induce higher tensile force in chip capacitors when temperature changes and it may result in chip cracking. In sufficient solder may detach the capacitors from the P.C.board. 						
	Acc	Excessive solder Higher tensile force in chip capacitors to cause crack						
		Adequate Maximum amount Minimum amount						
		Insufficient solder Low robustness may cause contact failure or chip capacitors come off the P.C.board.						
		 5-6. Solder repair by solder iron 1) Selection of the soldering iron tip Tip temperature of solder iron varies by its type, P.C.board material and solder land size. The higher the tip temperature, the quicker the operation. However, heat shock may cause a crack in the chip capacitors. Please make sure the tip temp. before soldering and keep the peak temp and time in accordance with following recommended condition. (Please preheat the chip capacitors with the condition in 5-4 to avoid the thermal shock.) Recommended solder iron condition (Sn-Pb Solder and Lead Free Solder) 						
		Temp. (°C) Duration (sec.) Wattage (W) Shape (mm)						
		300 max. 3 max. 20 max. Ø 3.0 max.						

No.	Process	Condition
5	Soldering	Direct contact of the soldering iron with ceramic dielectric of chip capacitors may cause crack. Do not touch the ceramic dielectric and the terminations by solder iron.
		5-7. Sn-Zn solder
		Sn-Zn solder affects product reliability.
		Please contact TDK in advance when utilize Sn-Zn solder.
		5-8. Countermeasure for tombstone The misalignment between the mounted positions of the capacitors and the land patterns should be minimized. The tombstone phenomenon may occur especially the capacitors are mounted (in longitudinal direction) in the same direction of the reflow soldering.
		(Refer to JEITA RCR-2335B Annex 1 (Informative) Recommendations to prevent the tombstone phenomenon)
6	Cleaning	If an unsuitable cleaning fluid is used, flux residue or some foreign articles may stick to chip capacitors surface to deteriorate especially the insulation resistance.
		2) If cleaning condition is not suitable, it may damage the chip capacitors.
		2)-1. Insufficient washing
		(1) Terminal electrodes may corrode by Halogen in the flux.
		(2) Halogen in the flux may adhere on the surface of capacitors, and lower the insulation resistance.
		(3) Water soluble flux has higher tendency to have above mentioned problems (1) and (2).
		2)-2. Excessive washing
		When ultrasonic cleaning is used, excessively high ultrasonic energy output
		can affect the connection between the ceramic chip capacitor's body and the
		terminal electrode. To avoid this, following is the recommended condition.
		Power : 20 W/ ℓ max.
		Frequency : 40 kHz max.
		Washing time : 5 minutes max.
		2)-3. If the cleaning fluid is contaminated, density of Halogen increases, and it may
		bring the same result as insufficient cleaning.



	<u> </u>		0 111					
No.	Process	4) \//ban tha	Condition					
7	Coating and molding of the P.C.board	 When the P.C.board is coated, please verify the quality influence on the product. Please verify carefully that there is no harmful decomposing or reaction gas emission during curing which may damage the chip capacitors. Please verify the curing temperature. 						
8	Handling after chip mounted	1) Please pay attention not to bend or distort the P.C.board after soldering in handling otherwise the chip capacitors may crack. Bend Twist 2) When functional check of the P.C.board is performed, check pin pressure tends to be adjusted higher for fear of loose contact. But if the pressure is excessive and bend the P.C.board, it may crack the chip capacitors or peel the terminations off. Please adjust the check pins not to bend the P.C.board.						
		Item Board bending	Not recommended Termination peeling Check pin	Support pin Check pin				
9	Handling of loose chip capacitors	the large handle wi		ency to have cracks easily, so please — Crack — or handling, the corner of the P.C.				

No.	Process	Condition
10	Capacitance aging	The capacitors (Class 2) have aging in the capacitance. They may not be used in precision time constant circuit. In case of the time constant circuit, the evaluation should be done well.
11	Estimated life and estimated failure rate of capacitors	As per the estimated life and the estimated failure rate depend on the temperature and the voltage. This can be calculated by the equation described in JEITA RCR-2335B Annex 6 (Informative) Calculation of the estimated lifetime and the estimated failure rate (Voltage acceleration coefficient: 3 multiplication rule, Temperature acceleration coefficient: 10°C rule) The failure rate can be decreased by reducing the temperature and the voltage but they will not be guaranteed.
12	Others A Caution	The products listed on this specification sheet are intended for use in general electronic equipment (AV equipment, telecommunications equipment, home appliances, amusement equipment, computer equipment, personal equipment, office equipment, measurement equipment, industrial robots) under a normal operation and use condition.
		The products are not designed or warranted to meet the requirements of the applications listed below, whose performance and/or quality require a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or trouble could cause serious damage to society, person or property. Please understand that we are not responsible for any damage or liability caused by use of the products in any of the applications below or for any other use exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification sheet. If you intend to use the products in the applications listed below or if you have special requirements exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification, please contact us.
		 (1) Aerospace/Aviation equipment (2) Transportation equipment (cars, electric trains, ships, etc.) (3) Medical equipment (4) Power-generation control equipment (5) Atomic energy-related equipment (6) Seabed equipment (7) Transportation control equipment (8) Public information-processing equipment (9) Military equipment (10) Electric heating apparatus, burning equipment (11) Disaster prevention/crime prevention equipment (12) Safety equipment (13) Other applications that are not considered general-purpose applications
		When designing your equipment even for general-purpose applications, you are kindly requested to take into consideration securing protection circuit/device or providing backup circuits in your equipment.



13. Packaging label

Packaging shall be done to protect the components from the damage during transportation and storing, and a label which has the following information shall be attached.

- 1) Inspection No.
- 2) TDK P/N
- 3) Customer's P/N
- 4) Quantity

*Composition of Inspection No.

Example
$$\underline{M}$$
 $\underline{2}$ \underline{A} - \underline{OO} - \underline{OOO} (a) (b) (c) (d) (e)

- a) Line code
- b) Last digit of the year
- c) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
- d) Inspection Date of the month.
- e) Serial No. of the day

14. Bulk packaging quantity

Total number of components in a plastic bag for bulk packaging : 1,000pcs. As for C1005 type, not available for bulk packaging.



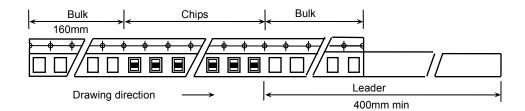
15. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

1. CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSION OF TAPING

1-1. Dimensions of carrier tape

Dimensions of paper tape shall be according to Appendix 3, 4. Dimensions of plastic tape shall be according to Appendix 5, 6.

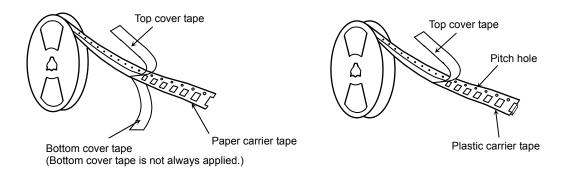
1-2. Bulk part and leader of taping



1-3. Dimensions of reel

Dimensions of Ø178 reel shall be according to Appendix 7, 8. Dimensions of Ø330 reel shall be according to Appendix 9, 10.

1-4. Structure of taping

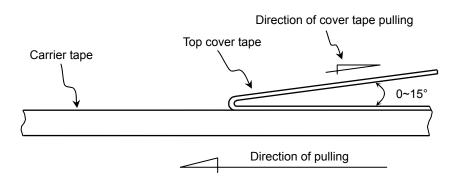


2. CHIP QUANTITY

Type Thickness		Taping	Chip qua	ntity(pcs.)	
туре	005 0.50 mm paper		φ178mm reel	φ330mm reel	
C1005	0.50 mm	paper	10,000	50,000	
C1608	0.80 mm	paper	4,000	10,000	
	0.60 mm	Danar	4,000	20,000	
C2012	0.85 mm	Paper	4,000	10,000	
	1.25 mm	Plastic	2,000	10,000	
	0.60 mm	Paper	4,000		
	0.85 mm	Paper	4,000	10,000	
C3216	1.15 mm			10,000	
	1.30 mm	Plastic	2,000		
	1.60 mm			8,000	
	1.15 mm		2,000	10,000	
	1.25 mm				
	1.30 mm		2,000	8,000	
C3225	1.60 mm	Plastic			
	2.00 mm			5,000	
	2.30 mm		1,000		
	2.50 mm				
	1.60 mm		1,000		
	2.00 mm		1,000	3,000	
C4532	2.30 mm	Plastic			
04002	2.50 mm	i iddiic	500		
	2.80 mm		300	2,000	
	3.20 mm			2,000	
	2.00 mm				
C5750	2.30 mm	Plastic	500	3,000	
03730	2.50 mm	i iastic	300		
	2.80 mm			2,000	

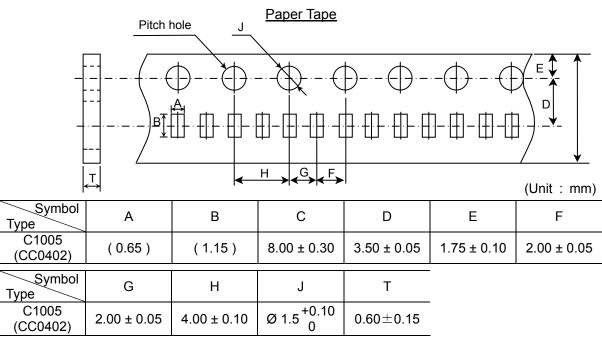
3. PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

3-1. Fixing peeling strength (top tape) 0.05-0.7N. (See the following figure.)



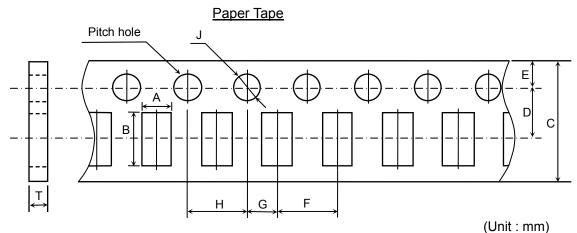
- 3-2. Carrier tape shall be flexible enough to be wound around a minimum radius of 30mm with components in tape.
- 3-3. The missing of components shall be less than 0.1%
- 3-4. Components shall not stick to fixing tape.
- 3-5. The fixing tapes shall not protrude beyond the edges of the carrier tape not shall cover the sprocket holes.





^{*} The values in the parentheses () are for reference.

Appendix 4



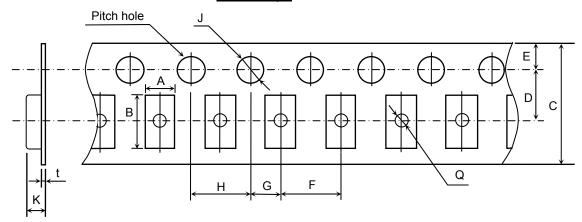
						(/
Symbol Type	А	В	С	D	E	F
C1608 (CC0603)	(1.10)	(1.90)				
C2012 (CC0805)	(1.50)	(2.30)	8.00 ± 0.30	3.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
C3216 (CC1206)	(1.90)	(3.50)				
Symbol	G	Н	J	Т		

Symbol Type	G	Н	J	Т
C1608 (CC0603)				
C2012 (CC0805)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.5 +0.10	1.20 max.
C3216 (CC1206)				

^{*} The values in the parentheses () are for reference.



Plastic Tape



(Unit: mm)

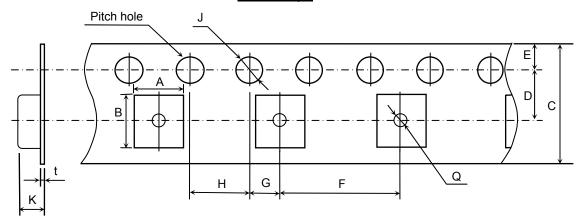
Symbol Type	А	В	С	D	E	F
C2012 (CC0805)	(1.50)	(2.30)	0.00 + 0.20	2 50 1 0 05		
C3216 (CC1206)	(1.90)	(3.50)	8.00 ± 0.30 [12.0 ± 0.30]	3.50 ± 0.05 [5.50 ± 0.05]	1.75 ± 0.10	4.00 ± 0.10
C3225 (CC1210)	(2.90)	(3.60)	[12.0 ± 0.00]	[0.00 ± 0.00]		
Symbol Type	G	Н	J	K	t	Q
C2012 (CC0805) C3216 (CC1206)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.5 +0.10	2.50 max.	0.30 max.	Ø 0.50 min.
(CC1200)						

^{*} The values in the parentheses () are for reference.



^{*} As for 2.5mm thickness products, apply values in the brackets [].

Plastic Tape

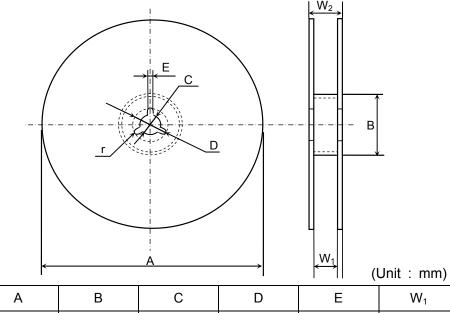


(Unit: mm)

Symbol Type	А	В	С	D	E	F
C4532 (CC1812)	(3.60)	(4.90)	12.0 ± 0.30	5.50 ± 0.05	1.75 ± 0.10	8.00 ± 0.10
C5750 (CC2220)	(5.40)	(6.10)	12.0 1 0.50	5.50 ± 0.05	1.73 ± 0.10	0.00 ± 0.10
Symbol Type	G	Н	J	К	t	Q
C4532 (CC1812)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 ± 0.10	Ø 1.5 +0.10	6.50 max.	0.60 max.	Ø 1.50 min.
C5750 (CC2220)	2.00 ± 0.05	4.00 £ 0.10	0 1.5	0.50 max.	0.00 max.	2 1.50 Hilli.

^{*} The values in the parentheses () are for reference.

C1005, C1608, C2012, C3216, C3225 (As for C3225 type, any thickness of the item except 2.5mm) (Material : Polystyrene)

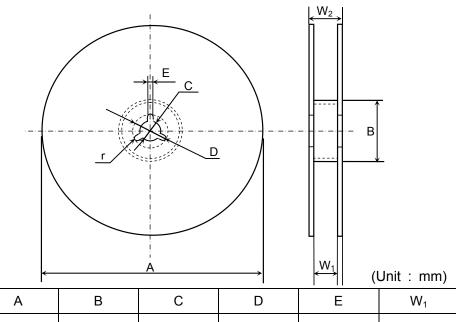


Symbol	Α	В	С	D	E	W_1
Dimension	Ø178 ± 2.0	Ø60 ± 2.0	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	9.0 ± 0.3

Symbol	W ₂	r
Dimension	13.0 ± 1.4	1.0

Appendix 8

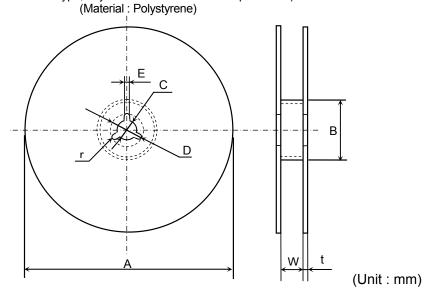
C3225, C4532, C5750 (As for C3225 type, applied to 2.5mm thickness products) (Material : Polystyrene)



Symbol	Α	В	С	D	E	W ₁
Dimension	Ø178 ± 2.0	Ø60 ± 2.0	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	13.0 ± 0.3

Symbol	W ₂	r
Dimension	17.0 ± 1.4	1.0

C1005, C1608, C2012, C3216, C3225 (As for C3225 type, any thickness of the item except 2.5mm)

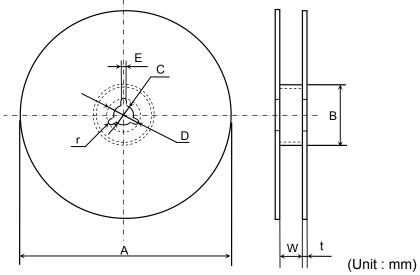


Symbol	Α	В	С	D	E	W
Dimension	Ø382 max. (Nominal Ø330)	Ø50 min.	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	10.0 ± 1.5

Symbol	t	r
Dimension	2.0 ± 0.5	1.0

Appendix 10

C3225, C4532, C5750 (As for C3225 type, applied to 2.5mm thickness products) (Material : Polystyrene)



Symbol	Α	В	С	D	E	W
Dimension	Ø382 max. (Nominal Ø330)	Ø50 min.	Ø13 ± 0.5	Ø21 ± 0.8	2.0 ± 0.5	14.0 ± 1.5

Symbol	t	r
Dimension	2.0 ± 0.5	1.0