




**OEM Long-Range  
Handheld Transmitter  
Data Guide**

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**Do not make any physical or electrical modifications to any Linx product.** This will void the warranty and regulatory and UL certifications and may cause product failure which is not immediately evident.

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# OEM Long-Range Handheld Transmitter Data Guide



## Description

The Linx CMD-HHLR-\*\*\*-xxx-MD Long-Range Handheld transmitter is ideal for general-purpose remote control and command applications that require longer transmission distances. As a part of our DS Series encoder-based OEM family, it has been pre-certified for FCC Part 15, Industry Canada and European CE (433MHz only) compliance, reducing costs and time to market. Available in 315, 418 (standard) or 433.92MHz, this small remote has a range of up to 1,000 feet (300m) line of sight. It can be configured with 1 to 8 buttons and the keypad and labeling can be customized. Selectable addressing allows the creation of up to 1,022 distinct transmitter-receiver relationships. The address can be easily changed via an externally accessible DIP switch. The transmission can be decoded using a matching Linx Function Module, KH2 or KH3 Series receiver / decoder, or a Linx LR or LT Series receiver paired with a decoder IC or microcontroller. The unit uses a single 3V CR2032 lithium button cell.

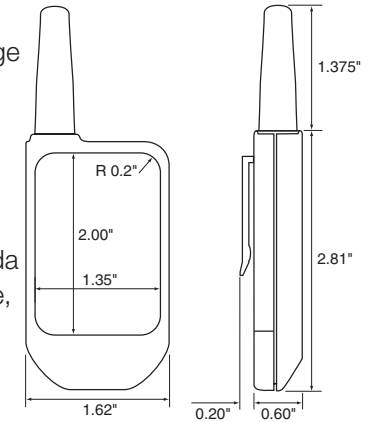


Figure 1: Package Dimensions



Figure 2: With a one-time NRE and minimum order, Linx can configure the keypad and label areas to meet your specific requirements.

## Features

- FCC, Canada and CE pre-certified
- 1 to 8 buttons
- Customizable keypad
- Two protocols for performance (serial) and compatibility (Holtek)

## Applications

- General remote control
- Keyless entry
- Garage / gate openers
- Lighting control
- Call systems
- Home / industrial automation

## Ordering Information

Ordering Information	
Part Number	Description
CMD-HHLR-***-xxx-MD	Long-Range Handheld Transmitter
EVAL-***-HHLR	HHLR Basic Evaluation Kit

\*\*\* = 315, 418 (Standard) or 433.92MHz  
xxx = Custom color, leave blank for black

Figure 3: Ordering Information

## Electrical Specifications

Electrical Specifications						
Parameter	Designation	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Notes
Power Supply						
Operating Voltage	$V_{CC}$	2.1	3.0	3.6	VDC	
Supply Current	$I_{CC}$		3.4		mA	
Power-Down Current	$I_{PDN}$		5.0		nA	1
Transmitter Section						
Transmit Frequency Range	$F_C$					
CMD-HHLR-315-MD			315		MHz	
CMD-HHLR-418-MD			418		MHz	
CMD-HHLR-433-MD			433.92		MHz	
Center Frequency Accuracy		-50		+50	kHz	
Environmental						
Operating Temperature Range		-40		+85	°C	1

1. Characterized, but not tested

Figure 4: Electrical Specifications

## Theory of Operation

The CMD-HHLR-\*\*\*-MD Long-Range Handheld transmitter combines the LR Series transmitter and LP Series antenna with an on-board DS Series encoder IC to form a simple, yet highly reliable, RF remote-control transmitter. The LR Series transmitter is a low-cost, high-performance synthesized ASK / OOK transmitter. The transmitter's synthesized architecture delivers outstanding stability and frequency accuracy, while minimizing the effects of antenna port loading and mismatching. This reduces or eliminates frequency pulling, bit contraction, and other negative effects that are common to SAW-based transmitter architectures, providing a significantly higher level of performance and reliability.

When a button is pressed on the transmitter, power is applied to the internal circuitry and the encoder IC is enabled. The encoder detects the logic states of the address lines and button data lines. These states are formatted into a three-word transmission cycle that continues until the button is released. The encoder data is used to modulate the transmitter, which, through the antenna, conveys the data into free space. On the receiver side, a decoder IC or custom microcontroller is used to check the transmitter's address bits against the address settings of the receiving device. If a match is confirmed, the decoder's outputs are set to replicate the transmitter's button states. These outputs can then be used to activate external circuitry required by the application.

The transmitter is compatible with several Linx receiver products, including the LR, KH2, KH3, LT and OEM product families. For applications where range is critical, the LR Series receiver is the best choice due to its outstanding sensitivity. When the transmitter is combined with an LR Series receiver and the DS Series decoder, ranges of up to 1,000 feet (300m) are possible. Applications operating over shorter distances will also benefit from the increased link reliability and superior noise immunity provided by the LR Series receiver.

## Protocols

The DS Series encoder inside the Long-Range Handheld transmitter supports two protocols. The first protocol is based on the Holtek HT640 encoder and is completely backwards compatible with older generation transmitters and systems based on the HT658 decoder. The second is a serial protocol that offers more noise immunity and faster response time while keeping the simple addressing.

The transmitter can use only one protocol at a time. The protocols do not work together.

The protocol is selected with a switch next to the battery. Figure 5 shows this switch.



Figure 5: Protocol Selection Switch

If the switch is toward the top then the Holtek protocol is selected. If the switch is toward the bottom then the serial protocol is selected.

## Setting the Transmitter Address

The Long-Range Handheld transmitter allows the selection of one of 1,022 unique addresses. All transmitters are supplied set to the same address. To avoid contention with other units or to create unique relationships, the address can be changed. This is accomplished using internal DIP switches as shown. The switches are accessed by removing the DIP switch access cover on the back of the transmitter.

If the switch is on, the address line is connected to ground, otherwise it is pulled to supply. The receiver's address must match exactly in order for the units to communicate. Application Note AN-00300 describes in detail how to set the address to match any of the receivers offered by Linx. This note can be found in the Support section of the Linx website, [www.linxtechnologies.com](http://www.linxtechnologies.com).

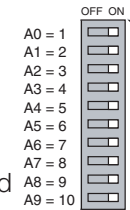


Figure 6: DIP Switch Assignments

**Note:** Setting all of the DIP switches on or all of them off are not valid addresses. At least one switch must be different from the rest.

## CMD-HHLR Button Assignments

Figure 7 illustrates the relationship between the button locations and encoder data lines.

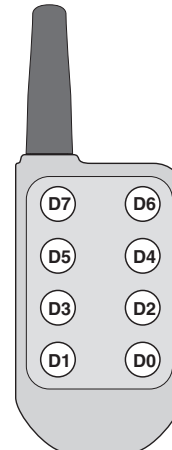


Figure 7: Button Assignments

## Connection Considerations

It is important to understand that only one transmitter at a time can be activated within a reception area. While the transmitted signal consists of encoded digital data, only one carrier of any particular frequency can occupy airspace without contention at any given time. If two transmitters are activated in the same area at the same time, then the signals will interfere with each other and the decoder will not see a valid transmission, so it will not take any action.

## Battery Replacement

The remote unit utilizes a standard CR2032 lithium button cell. To replace the battery, remove the access cover by pressing down firmly on the label area and sliding it off. Once the unit is open, remove the battery by sliding it from beneath the holder. Replace it with the same type of battery while observing the polarity shown in Figure 8.

There may be the risk of explosion if the battery is replaced by the wrong type.

## Assembly Diagram

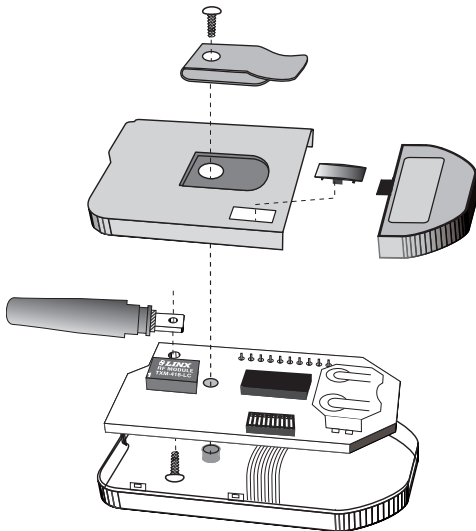


Figure 9: CMD-HHLR-\*\*\*-MD Assembly



Figure 8: Battery Access

## Labeling / Instruction Requirements

The transmitter has been pre-certified for FCC Part 15 and Industry Canada license-exempt RSS standards for an intentional radiator. The 433.92MHz version has also been tested for CE compliance for use in the European Union. The 315MHz and 418MHz versions are not legal for use in Europe. It has already been labeled in accordance with FCC, Industry Canada and CE regulations. No further labeling of the unit is needed; however, it is necessary to include the following statement in the end product's instruction manual or insert card. EU does not require a statement.

### INSTRUCTION TO THE USER

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules and Industry Canada licence-exempt RSS standard(s). Operation of this device is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference, and
2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio / TV technician for help.

The user is cautioned that changes and modifications made to the equipment without the approval of manufacturer could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radioexempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes : (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

## Receivers

There are four options for receivers within the Linx product line. The first option is to use one of the OEM Function Modules, such as the Relay Module. These items are also pre-certified and can be immediately included in a product.

The other options are to use one of the Linx receiver modules. The signal sent by the Keyfob transmitter can be received by the LR Series receiver module or the LT Series transceiver module. These modules can be connected to the DS Series decoder to decode the signal, or a custom microcontroller can be programmed to decode it and take specific action.

The KH2 Series offers a slightly simpler solution by combining the LR Series receiver and the Holtek decoder in a single package. This receiver only supports the Holtek protocol, not the serial protocol.

When a button is pressed on the transmitter, a corresponding line on the decoder goes high (as long as the addresses match). This can then be connected to whatever circuitry is required by the application.

Application Note AN-00300 discusses in detail how to set the addresses on all of the units. Data guides for all of the receivers, the Holtek HT640 encoder, HT658 decoder and the DS Series decoder can be found on the Linx website, [www.linxtechnologies.com](http://www.linxtechnologies.com).



Figure 10: Linx Receivers

## Typical Applications

The outstanding sensitivity of the LR Series receiver offers the best range when used with the Handheld transmitter. When using the LR Series receiver, the DS Series decoder chip should be used to decode the received signal. This decoder has ten address lines that must match the transmitter address lines. A DIP switch is commonly used to set these, but they can also be hardwired. As long as the address lines match, when a button on the transmitter is pressed, a corresponding data line on the decoder (D0–D7) goes high. These data lines can then be connected to external circuitry to perform whatever function is required by the application.

Figure 11 shows a typical schematic using the LR Series receiver and the DS Series decoder.

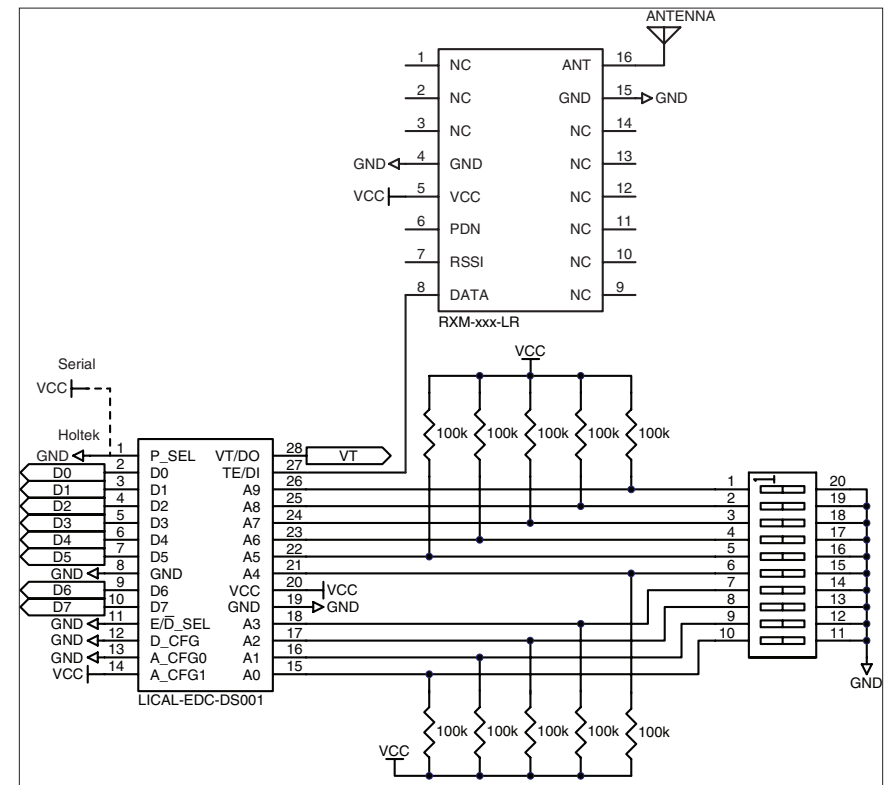


Figure 11: LR Receiver and DS Decoder Schematic









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