

# CCS050M12CM2

## 1.2kV, 50A Silicon Carbide Six-Pack (Three Phase) Module Z-FET<sup>TM</sup> MOSFET and Z-Rec<sup>TM</sup> Diode

<b>V<sub>DS</sub></b>	<b>1.2 kV</b>
<b>R<sub>DS(on)</sub> (T<sub>j</sub> = 25 °C)</b>	<b>25 mΩ</b>
<b>E<sub>OFF</sub> (T<sub>j</sub> = 150 °C)</b>	<b>0.6 mJ</b>

### Features

- Ultra Low Loss
- Zero Reverse Recovery Current
- Zero Turn-off Tail Current
- High-Frequency Operation
- Positive Temperature Coefficient on V<sub>F</sub> and V<sub>DS(on)</sub>
- Cu Baseplate, AlN DBC

### System Benefits

- Enables Compact and Lightweight Systems
- High Efficiency Operation
- Ease of Transistor Gate Control
- Reduced Cooling Requirements
- Reduced System Cost

### Applications

- Solar Inverters
- UPS and SMPS
- Induction Heating
- Regen Drives
- 3-Phase PFC
- Motor Drives

### Package



Part Number	Package	Marking
CCS050M12CM2	Six-Pack	CCS050M12CM2

### Maximum Ratings (T<sub>c</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit	Test Conditions	Notes
V <sub>DS</sub>	Drain - Source Voltage	1.2	kV		
V <sub>GS</sub>	Gate - Source Voltage	+25/-10	V		
I <sub>D</sub>	Continuous Drain Current	87	A	V <sub>GS</sub> = 20 V, T <sub>c</sub> = 25 °C	Fig. 26
		59		V <sub>GS</sub> = 20 V, T <sub>c</sub> = 90 °C	
I <sub>D(pulse)</sub>	Pulsed Drain Current	250	A	Pulse width t <sub>p</sub> = 250 µs Rate limited by T <sub>jmax</sub> , T <sub>c</sub> = 25 °C	Fig. 28
T <sub>j</sub>	Junction Temperature	150	°C		
T <sub>c</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	Case and Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +125	°C		
V <sub>isol</sub>	Case Isolation Voltage	2.5	kV	DC, t = 1 min	
L <sub>Stray</sub>	Stray Inductance	30	nH	Measured from pins 25-26 to 27-28	
M	Mounting Torque	5.0	N-m		
G	Weight	180	g		
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation	312	W	T <sub>c</sub> = 25 °C, T <sub>j</sub> ≤ 150 °C	Fig. 27



## Electrical Characteristics ( $T_c = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Note
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain - Source Breakdown Voltage	1.2			kV	$V_{GS} = 0 V, I_D = 100 \mu A$	
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage		2.3		V	$V_{DS} = 10 V, I_D = 2.5 mA$	
			1.6			$V_{DS} = 10 V, I_D = 2.5 mA, T_J = 150^\circ C$	
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current		2	100	μA	$V_{DS} = 1.2 kV, V_{GS} = 0V$	
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Source Leakage Current			0.5	μA	$V_{GS} = 20 V, V_{DS} = 0V$	
$R_{DS(on)}$	On State Resistance		25	34	mΩ	$V_{GS} = 20 V, I_{DS} = 50 A$	Fig. 4-7
			43	63		$V_{GS} = 20 V, I_{DS} = 50 A, T_J = 150^\circ C$	
$g_{fs}$	Transconductance		22		S	$V_{DS} = 20 V, I_{DS} = 50 A$	Fig. 8
			21			$V_{DS} = 20 V, I_D = 50 A, T_J = 150^\circ C$	
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance		2.810		nF	$V_{DS} = 800 V, V_{GS} = 0 V$ $f = 1 MHz, V_{AC} = 25 mV$	Fig. 16,17
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance		0.393				
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		0.014				
$E_{on}$	Turn-On Switching Energy		1.1		mJ	$V_{DD} = 600 V, V_{GS} = +20V/-5V$ $I_D = 50 A, R_G = 20 \Omega$ Load = 200 μH $T_J = 150^\circ C$ Note: IEC 60747-8-4 Definitions	Fig. 18
$E_{off}$	Turn-Off Switching Energy		0.6		mJ		
$R_{G(int)}$	Internal Gate Resistance		1.5		Ω		
$Q_{GS}$	Gate-Source Charge		32		nC	$V_{DD} = 800 V, I_D = 50 A$	Fig. 15
$Q_{GD}$	Gate-Drain Charge		30				
$Q_G$	Total Gate Charge		180				
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on delay time		21		ns	$V_{DD} = 800 V, R_{LOAD} = 8 \Omega$ $V_{GS} = +20/-2 V, R_G = 3.8 \Omega$ $T_J = 25^\circ C$ Note: IEC 60747-8-4 Definitions	Fig. 20-25
$t_{r(on)}$	$V_{SD}$ fall time 90% to 10%		30		ns		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-off delay time		50		ns		
$t_{r(off)}$	$V_{SD}$ rise time 10% to 90%		19		ns		

## Free-Wheeling SiC Schottky Diode Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Note
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage		1.5	1.7	V	$I_F = 50 A, V_{GS} = 0$	Fig. 9
			2.0	2.3		$I_F = 50 A, T_J = 150^\circ C$	
$Q_C$	Total Capacitive Charge		0.28		μC		
$I_F$	Continuous Forward Current		50		A	$V_{GS} = -5 V, T_c = 90^\circ C$	

## Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Test Conditions	Note
$R_{thJCM}$	Thermal Resistance Juction-to-Case for MOSFET		0.37	0.40	°C/W	$T_c = 90^\circ C, P_D = 150 W$	
			0.42	0.43		$T_c = 90^\circ C, P_D = 130 W$	

## NTC Characteristics

Symbol	Condition	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$R_{25}$	$T_c = 25^\circ C$	5		kΩ
Delta R/R	$T_c = 100^\circ C, R_{100} = 481 \Omega$		±5	%
$P_{25}$	$T_c = 25^\circ C$			mW
$B_{25/50}$	$R_2 = R_{25} \exp[B_{25/50}(1/T_2 - 1/(298.15K))]$	3380		K
$B_{25/80}$	$R_2 = R_{25} \exp[B_{25/80}(1/T_2 - 1/(298.15K))]$	3440		K

## Typical Performance

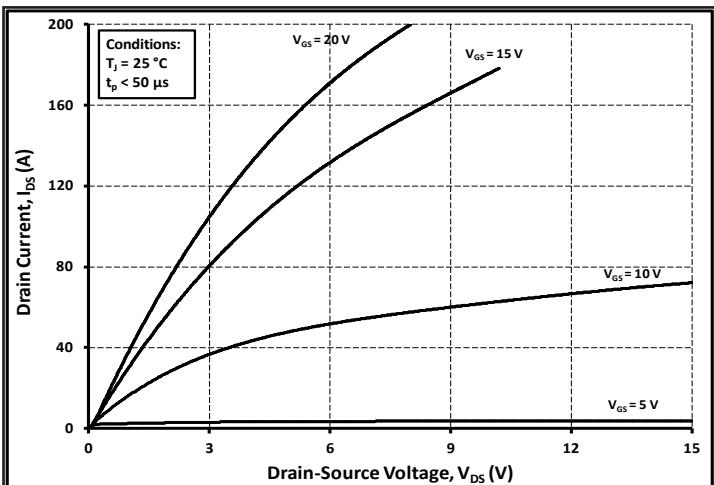
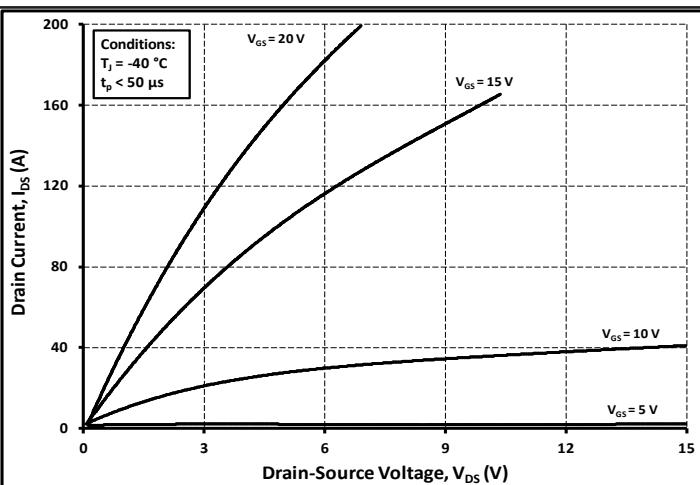


Figure 1. Typical Output Characteristics  $T_J = -40 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

Figure 2. Typical Output Characteristics  $T_J = 25 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

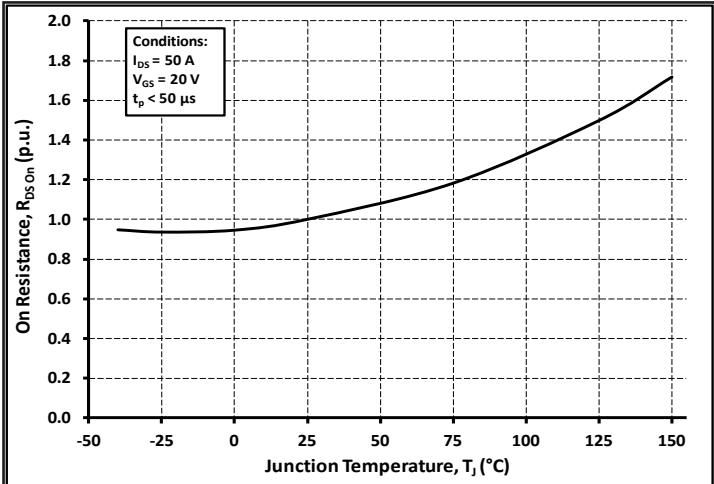
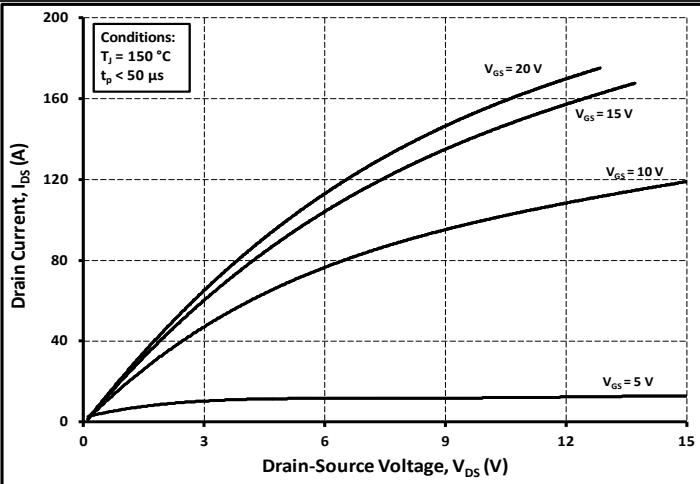


Figure 3. Typical Output Characteristics  $T_J = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

Figure 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

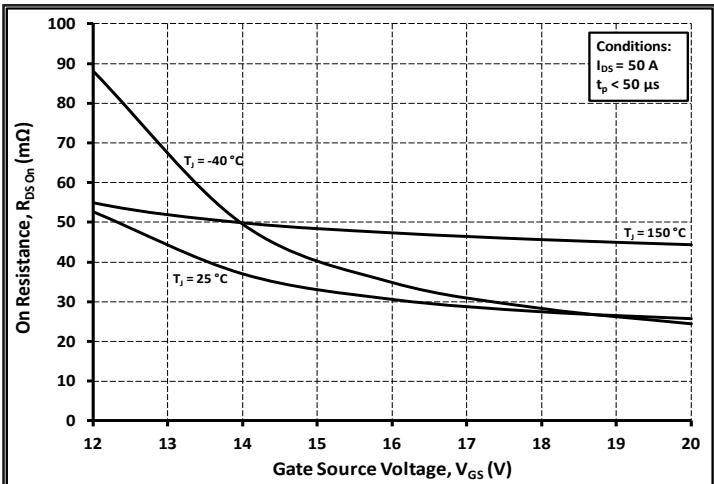
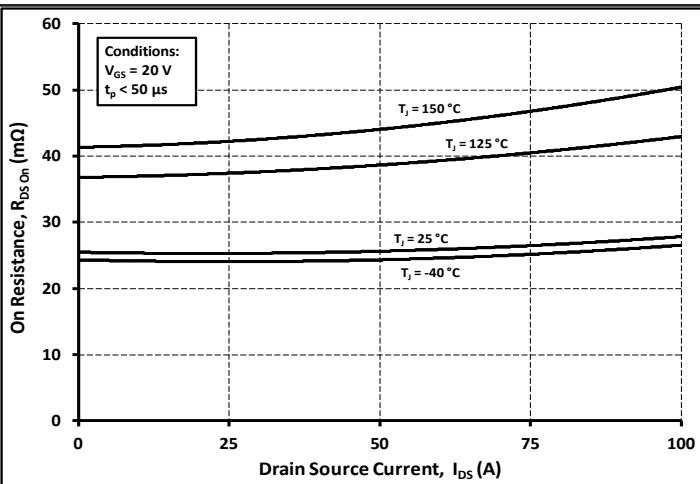


Figure 5. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Drain Current For Various Temperatures

Figure 6. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage for Various Temperatures

## Typical Performance

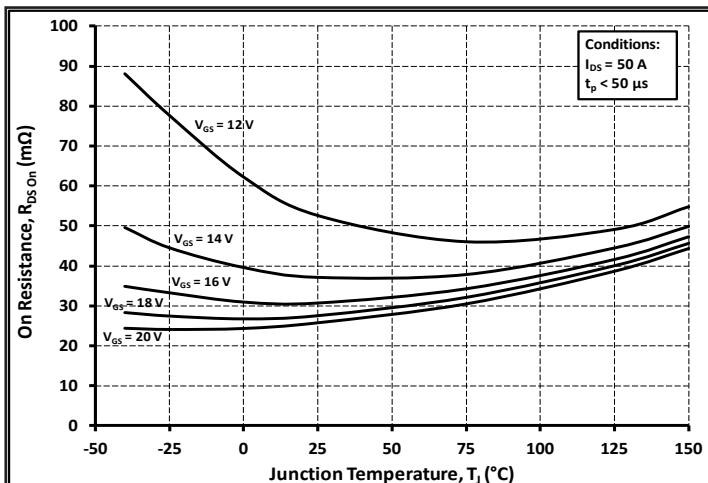


Figure 7. On-Resistance vs. Temperature for Various Gate-Source Voltages

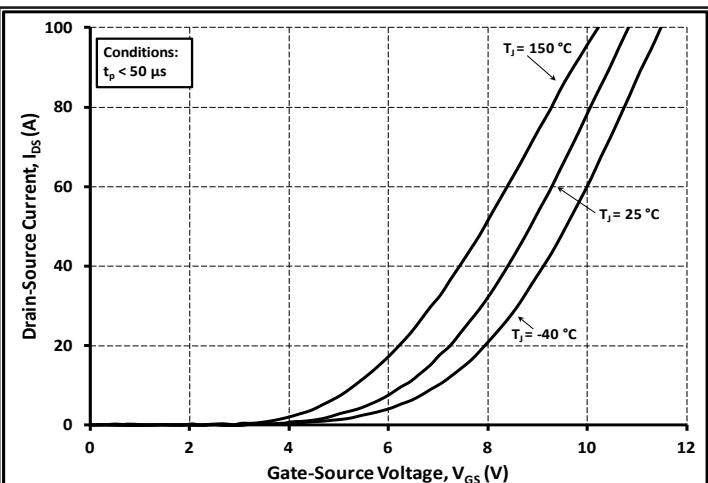


Figure 8. Transfer Characteristic for Various Junction Temperatures

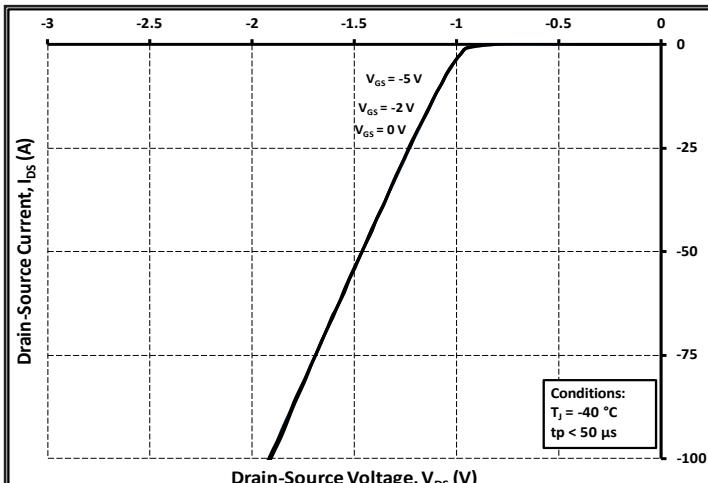


Figure 9. Diode Characteristic at  $-40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

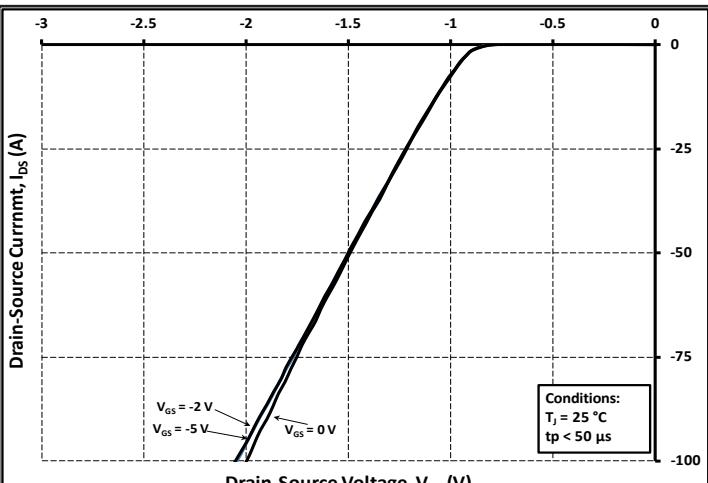


Figure 10. Diode Characteristic at  $25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

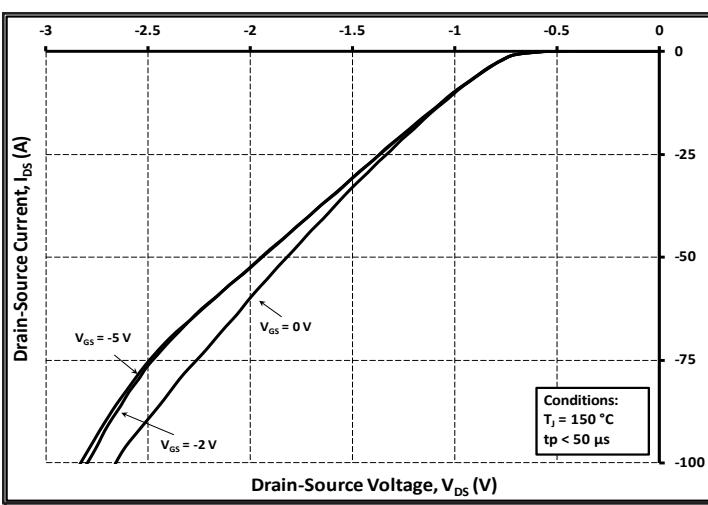


Figure 11. Diode Characteristic at  $150 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

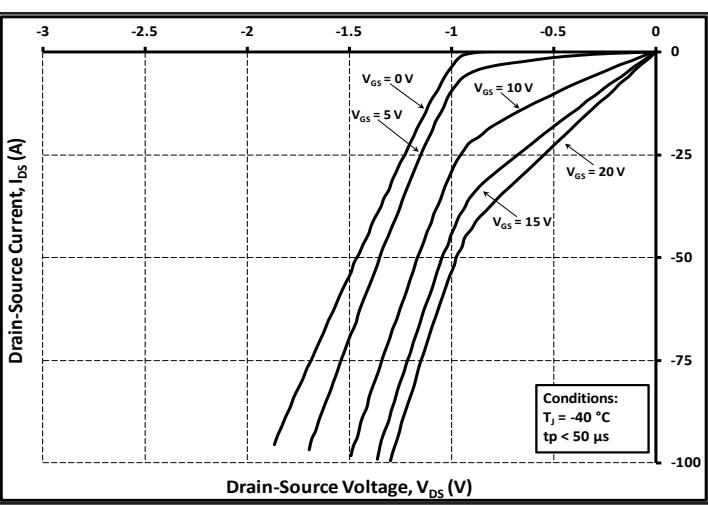


Figure 12. 3<sup>rd</sup> Quadrant Characteristic at  $-40 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

## Typical Performance

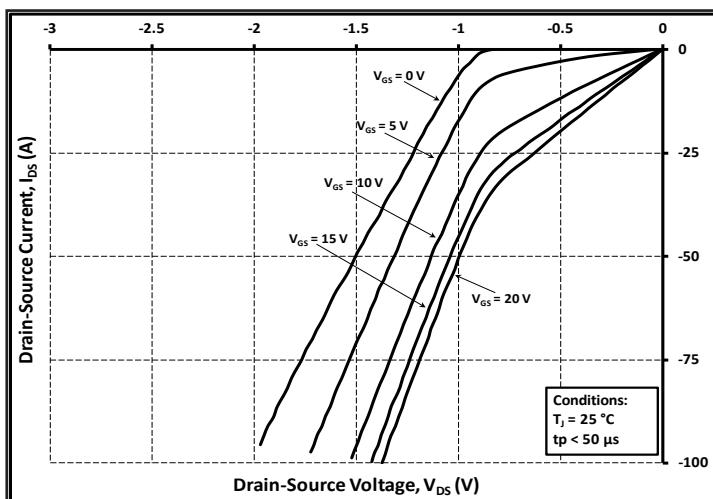


Figure 13. 3<sup>rd</sup> Quadrant Characteristic at 25 °C

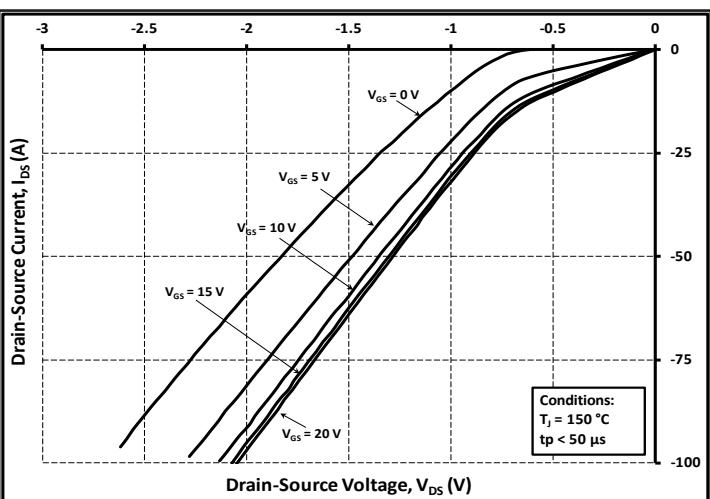


Figure 14. 3<sup>rd</sup> Quadrant Characteristic at 150 °C

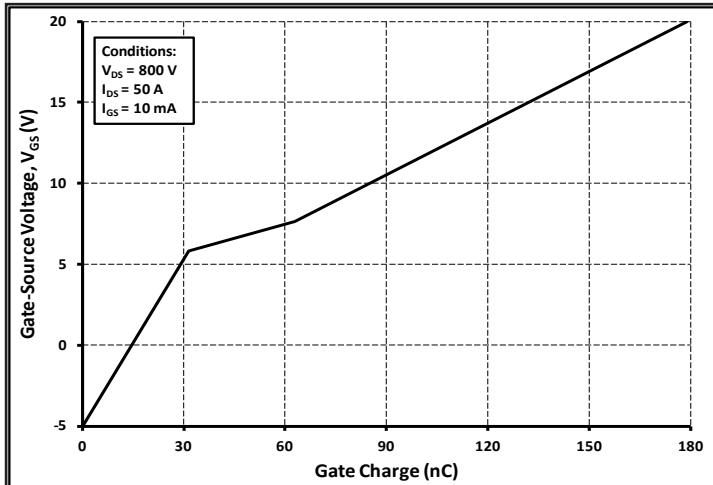


Figure 15. Typical Gate Charge Characteristics

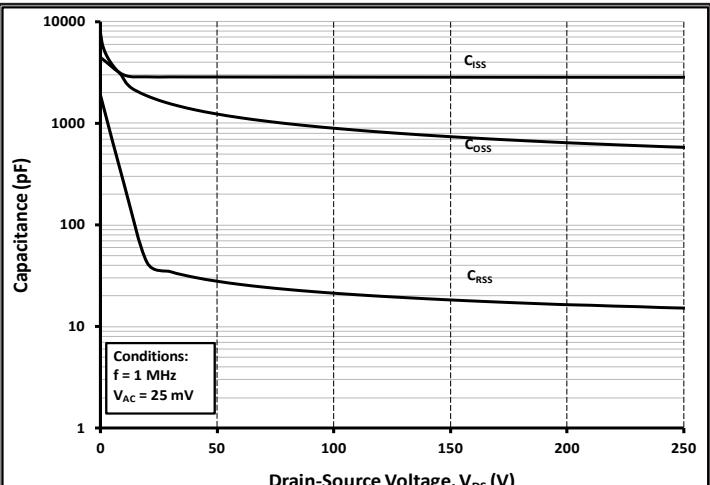


Figure 16. Typical Capacitances vs. Drain-Source Voltage (0 - 250 V)

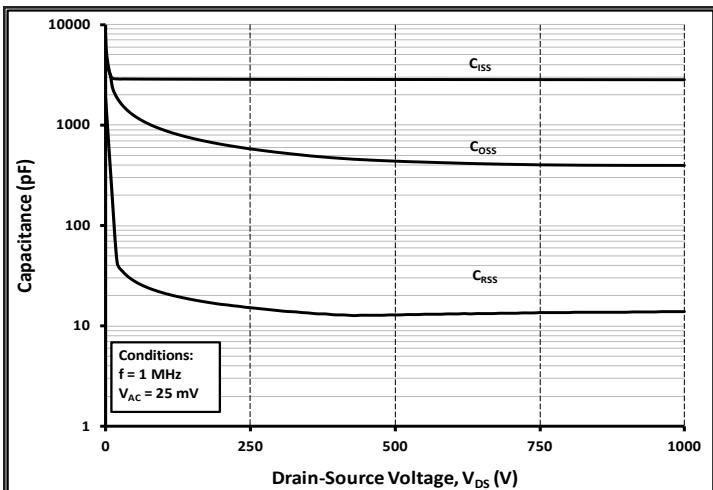


Figure 17. Typical Capacitances vs. Drain-Source Voltage (0 - 1 kV)

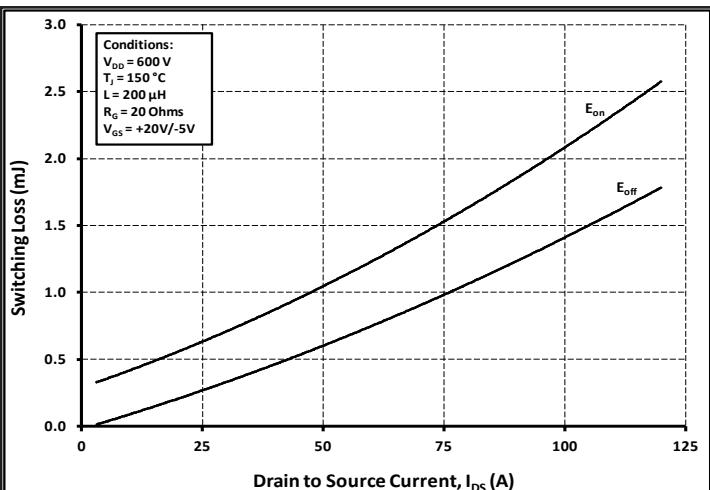


Figure 18. Inductive Switching Energy vs. Drain Current For  $V_{DS} = 600 \text{ V}$ ,  $R_G = 20 \Omega$

## Typical Performance

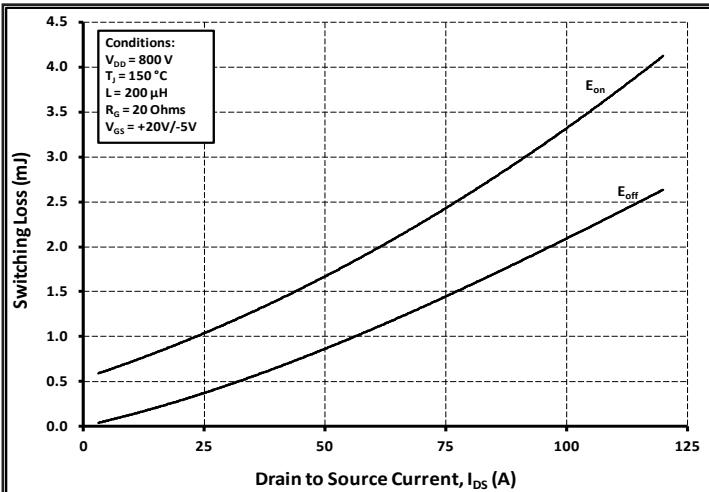


Figure 19. Inductive Switching Energy vs. Drain Current For  $V_{DS} = 800\text{ V}$ ,  $R_G = 20\text{ }\Omega$

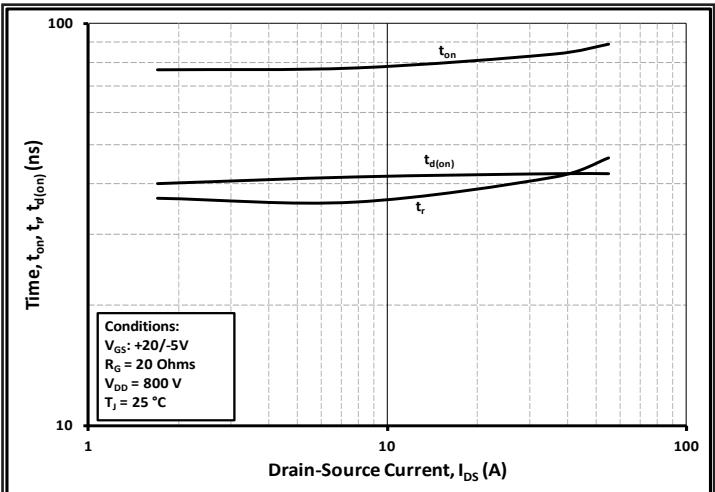


Figure 20. Turn-on Timing vs. Drain Current

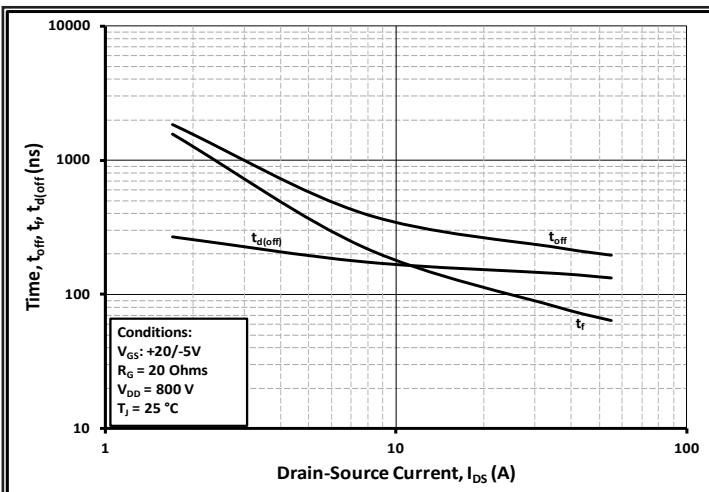


Figure 21. Turn-off Timing vs. Drain Current

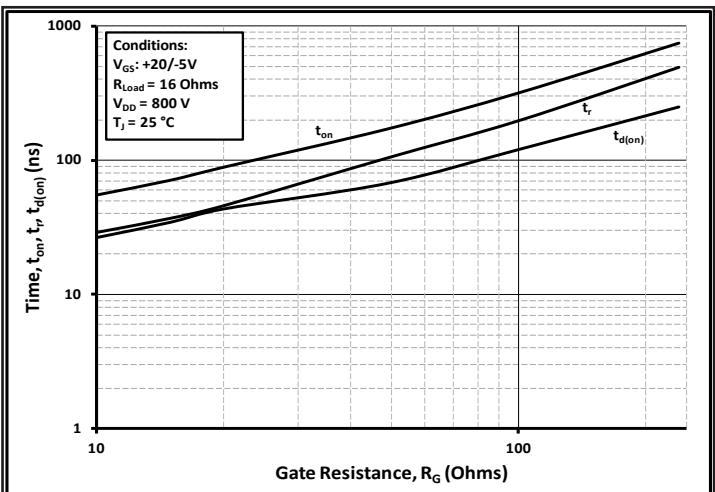


Figure 22. Turn-on Timing vs. External Gate Resistor

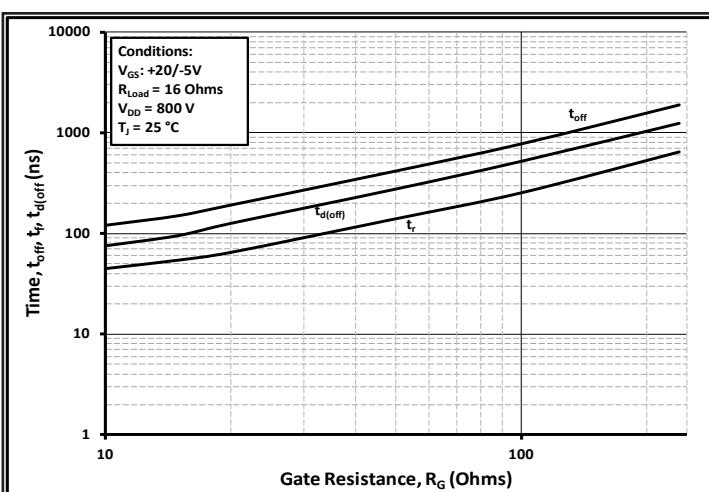


Figure 23. Turn-off Timing vs. External Gate Resistor

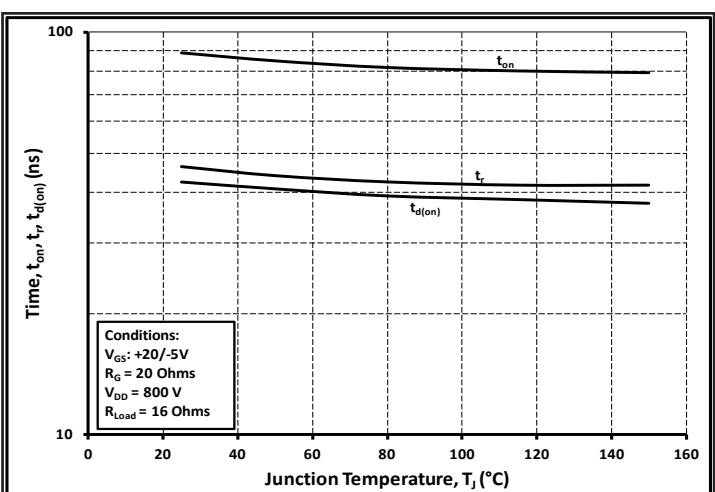


Figure 24. Turn-on Timing vs. Junction Temperature

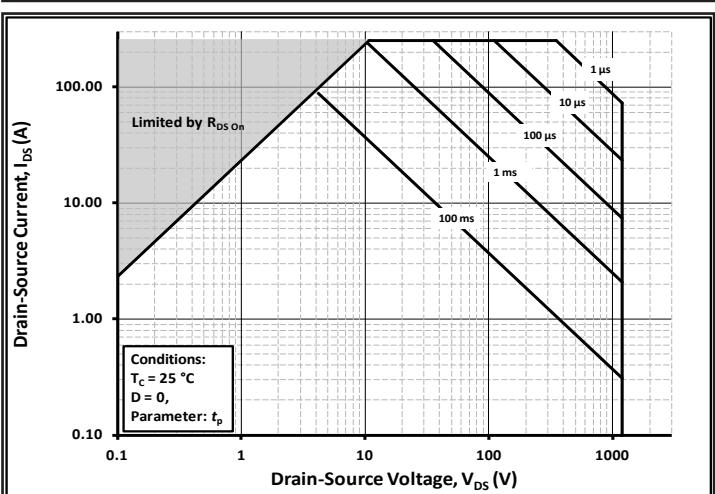
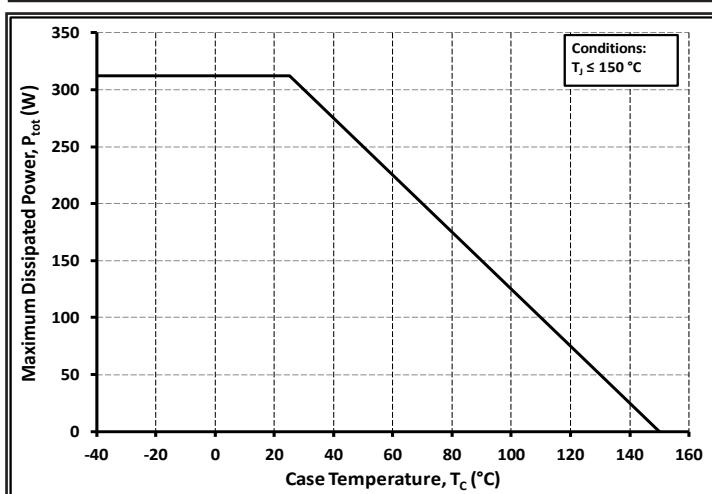
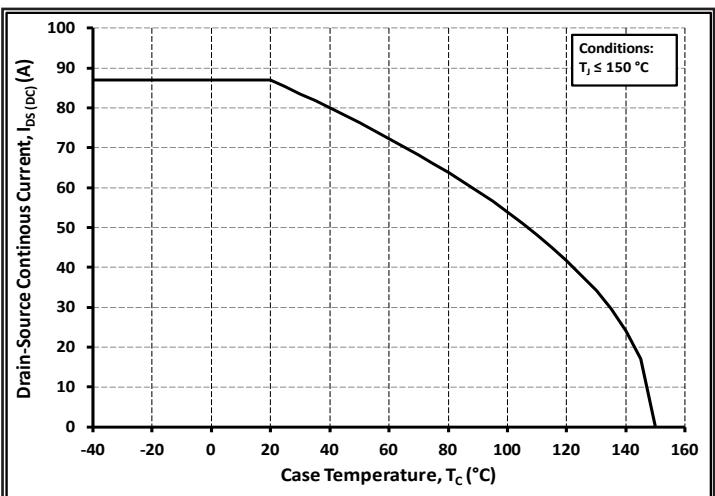
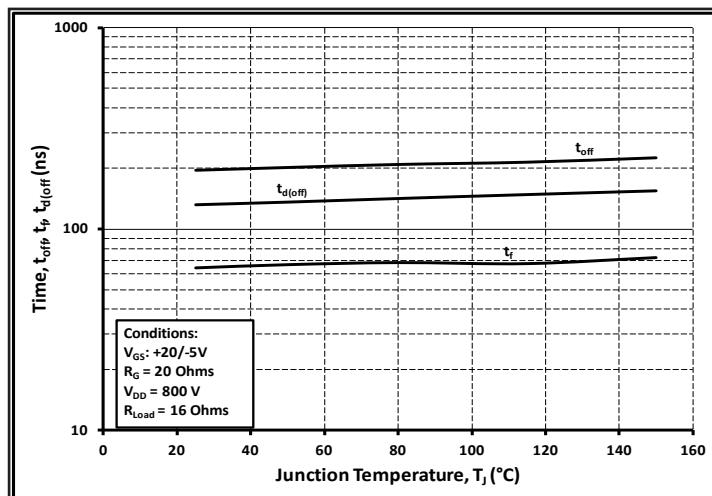


Figure 27. Maximum Power Dissipation (MOSFET) Derating vs Case Temperature

Figure 28. MOSFET Safe Operating Area

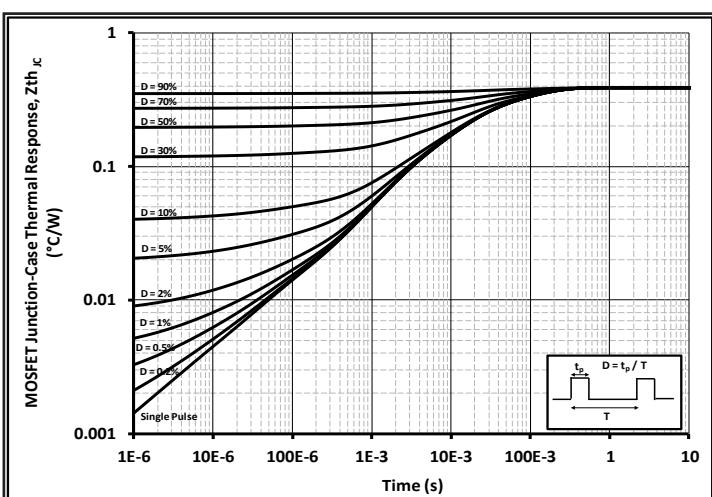


Figure 29. MOSFET Junction to Case Thermal Impedance

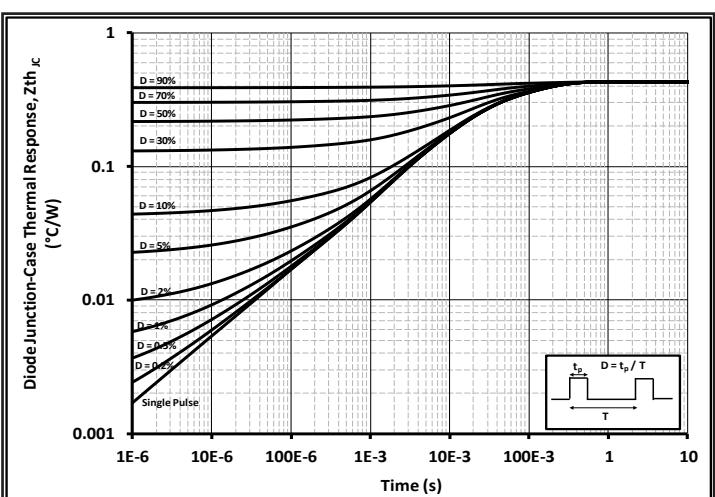


Figure 30. Diode Junction to Case Thermal Impedance

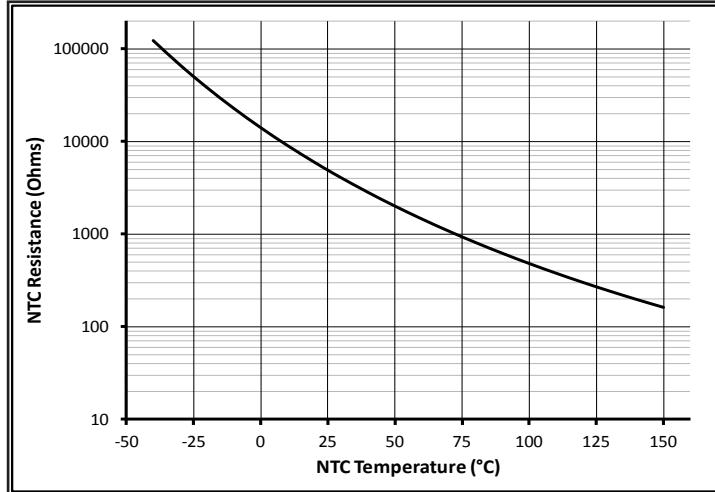


Figure 31. NTC Resistance vs NTC Temperature

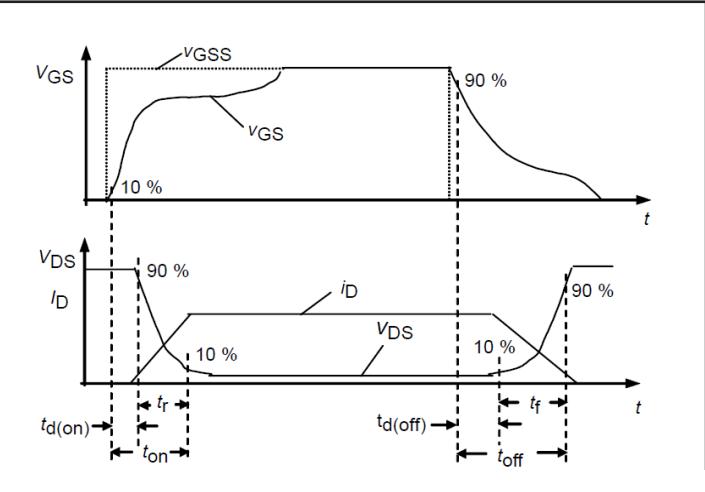
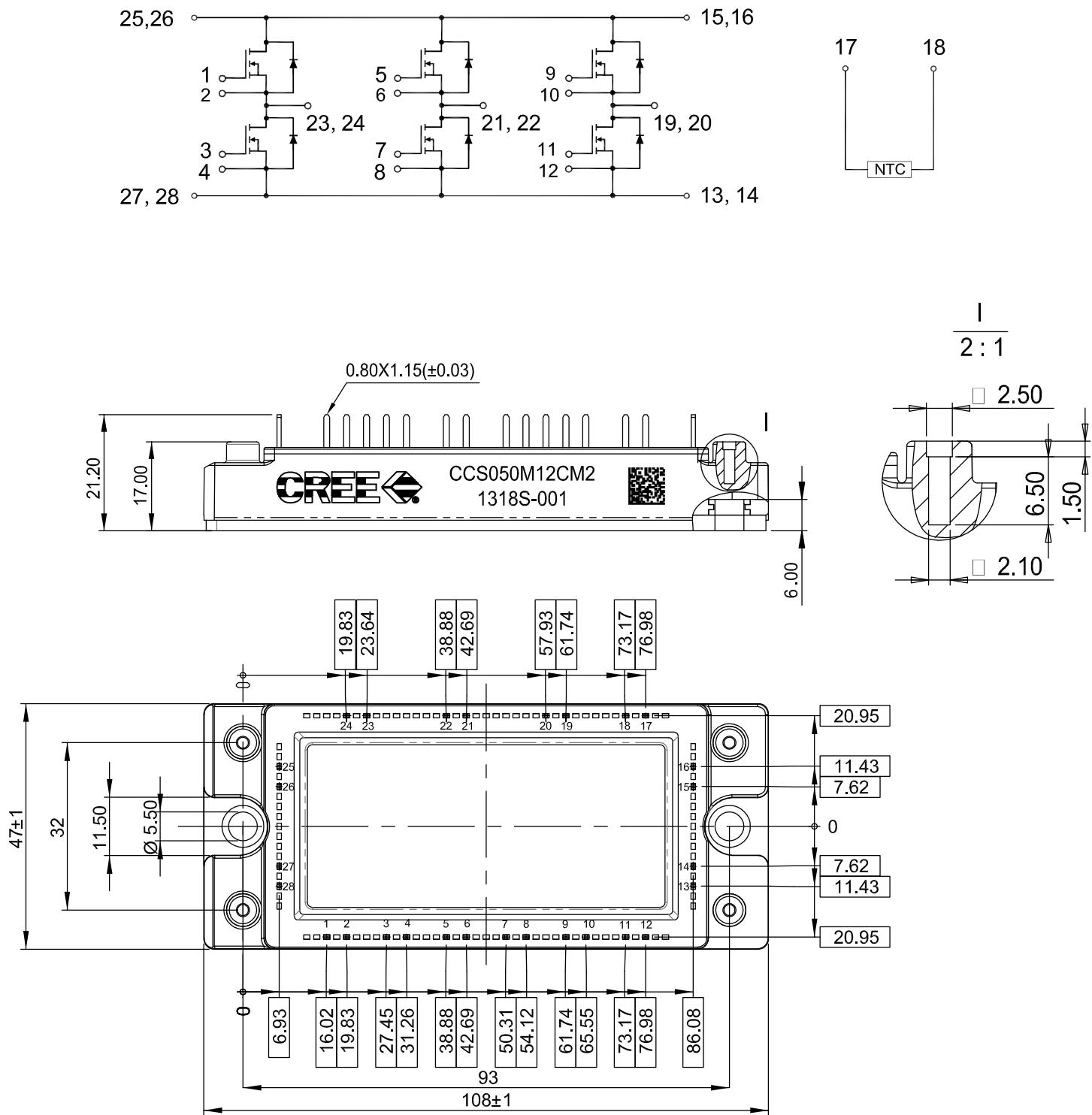


Figure 31. Resistive Switching Time Description

**Module Application Note:** The SiC MOSFET module switches at speeds beyond what is customarily associated with IGBT based modules. Therefore, special precautions are required to realize the best performance. The interconnection between the gate driver and module housing needs to be as short as possible. This will afford the best switching time and avoid the potential for device oscillation. Also, great care is required to insure minimum inductance between the module and link capacitors to avoid excessive  $V_{DS}$  overshoots.

Please Refer to application note: Design Considerations when using Cree SiC Modules Part 1 and Part 2.  
[CPWR-AN12, CPWR-AN13]

## Package Dimensions (mm)



This product has not been designed or tested for use in, and is not intended for use in, applications implanted into the human body nor in applications in which failure of the product could lead to death, personal injury or property damage, including but not limited to equipment used in the operation of nuclear facilities, life-support machines, cardiac defibrillators or similar emergency medical equipment, aircraft navigation or communication or control systems, air traffic control systems, or weapons systems.

Copyright © 2013 Cree, Inc. All rights reserved. The information in this document is subject to change without notice. Cree and the Cree logo are registered trademarks and Z-Rec is a trademark of Cree, Inc.